

Stakeholder Forum

Post-Rio to Post-2015: Planning International Stakeholder Engagement

20-21 October 2012 Pace University, New York

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Presentation Highlights



- 1. "Was Rio+20 a success or a failure?"
- 2. Outcomes of Rio+20
- 3. Entry points post-Rio to post-2015
- 4. The Event
- 5. Stakeholder Consultation Initial Findings

Success or Failure?



- "Was Rio+20 a success or a failure?"
 - Simplistic and reductive
 - The answer is nuanced, therefore more than a superficial assessment is needed
 - Successes and failures must be itemised
 - Rio+20 was the starting point of various processes
 - Not an ending point
- Time will be the truest judge of Rio+20.
- But as we are sitting on a socio-ecological time bomb, time is not on our side.

Rio+20 Successes



- Para 47 Corporate sustainability reporting
- Paras 56-74 The Green Economy
- Paras 84-86 Establish the high-level political forum (HLPF)
- Paras 88-90 Strengthen UNEP
- Para 121 Right to water and sanitation
- Para 226 Adopt 10YFP on SCP
- Paras 245-251 Establish SDGs
- Para 255 Mobilisation of resources and finance
- Paras 48, 76, 85, 88, 204 and 276 Strengthen the science-policy interface
- Paras 42-55 Importance of participation and stakeholder engagement

Rio+20 Failures



- Water and Sanitation Reaffirms commitments which were not universally agreed, rather than the right itself.
- Population The right to reproductive health was removed due to effective lobbying.
- Subsidies Failure to develop an action plan for eliminating environmentally harmful subsidies (such as fossil fuels).
- Implementation Means of implementation (Section VI) remains weak and lacks specific measures and actions.
- **Environmental Limits** Despite much discussion about environmental limits/planetary boundaries, there is no clear statement.
- High Commissioner/Ombudsperson for Future
 Generations This was not an agreed outcome.
- Green Economy Overall the green economy concept did not fare well; no clear definition or principles.

Post-Rio+20 Entry Points

- 1. Intergovernmental SDG Open Working Group by ~2014 ¶248
- 2. Call for integration with post-2015 through UN Task Team ¶ 249
- 3. High level political forum (HLPF) by Sept 2013 ¶ 84-86
- 4. Finance for SD options by 2014 ¶ 256
- 5. Technology transfer recommendations by 2013 ¶ 273
- 6. 10YFP on SCP adopted 2012 and to be "operationalised" ¶ 226
- 7. Strengthen UNEP by 2013 (universal membership & secure funding) ¶ 88
- 8. Use of oceans beyond national jurisdictions 2015 ¶ 161 & 162
- 9. Beyond GDP ¶ 38
- 10. Registry of voluntary commitments ¶ 283
- 11. Green economy policies ¶ 56-74
- 12. Integration of 3 dimensions of SD across UN ¶ 93
- 13. SG report on Future Generation/Intergenerational Solidarity
- 14. SG's Zero Hunger challenge
- 15. Volunteers for SD

The Event

- Purpose: Identify entry points for stakeholders post-Rio;
 develop recommendations on how to actualize multistakeholder engagement in these processes and subsequent fora.
- Outcomes: Better informed <u>stakeholder advocacy</u>
 (moblisation and messages) aimed at decision-makers, and the <u>integration</u> of post-Rio(SDGs) and post-2015 (MDGs) processes with sustainable development at the heart.

Outputs:

- A co-chairs' statement;
- Recommendations and messages to UNEP Governing Council in February 2013 and to CSD 20 in May 2013;
- A special edition of 'Outreach' capturing event outcomes for a wider audience;
- Consultation Report.

Consultation Findings – Highlights



- 231 responses, mainly from the 9 Major Groups.
- 61% of respondents believe the Rio+20 conference improved stakeholder engagement.
- 84% of respondents find it important for Major Groups and other stakeholders to develop common positions on post-Rio/post-2015 processes.

Consultation Findings – Lowlights



- 66% of respondents believe Major Groups and Stakeholders need more financial support from the UN system to implement the Rio+20 outcomes.
- A lack of access for Major Groups and stakeholders to the formal negotiations was widely cited as a barrier to participatory decisionmaking and a factor of the sub-optimal Rio+20 outcome.

Consultation Findings – Thematic Areas



- The deregulation of markets and heavy emphasis on GDP as the measurement of social progress are widely perceived to be the barriers to implementation of national green economies.
- Widely agreed that the SDGs should be global in nature and universal in application.
- SDGs should incorporate the Rio Principles and be integrated with the MDGs.