

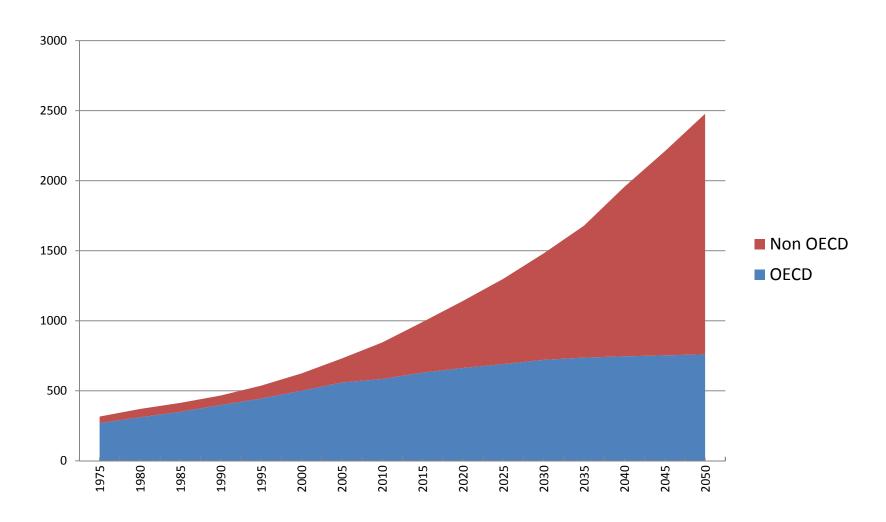
The Transport Unit at the UN Environment Programme – Core Activities

Rob de Jong Head, Transport Unit UN Environment Programme (UNEP)



The Challenge

Estimated growth of light duty vehicles – business as usual scenario (IEA 2010)





UNEP Transport Unit

Four main campaigns

- Reduce small PM pollution through cleaner fuels and vehicles
- Vehicles and climate change
- Investment in non-motorised transport road infrastructure
- Bus rapid transit



Focus 1: Reducing urban air pollution

The Partnership for Clean Fuels and Vehicles (PCFV) campaign

to reduce Vehicular PM Pollution

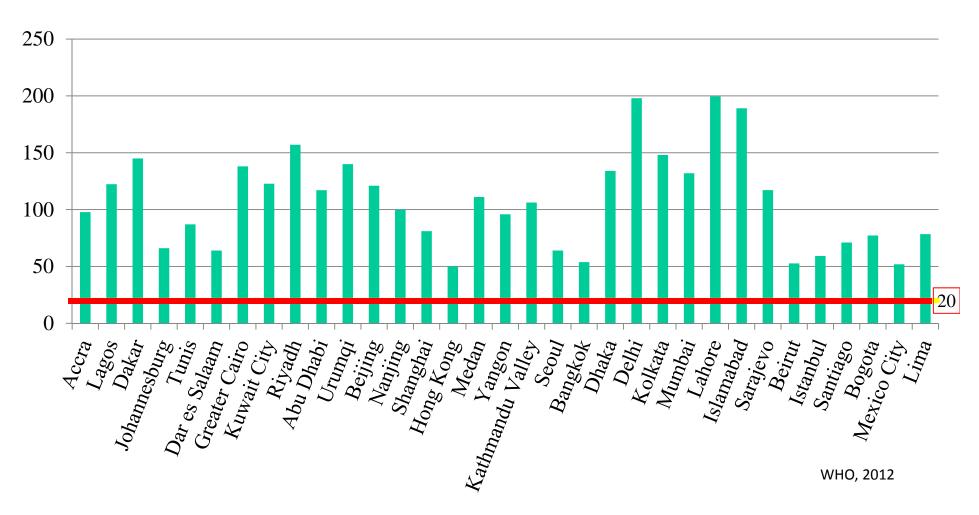


PM #1 Urban Air Quality Concern

- Particulate matter key health concern
- Important contributor is transport
- Through high sulphur fuels and dirty vehicles
 - Developed country fuel sulphur = 10 50 parts per million (ppm) while some developing country levels up to 10,000 ppm
 - Need for clean fuels for new cars
- Combined fuels + vehicles approach needed
 = a "systems" approach



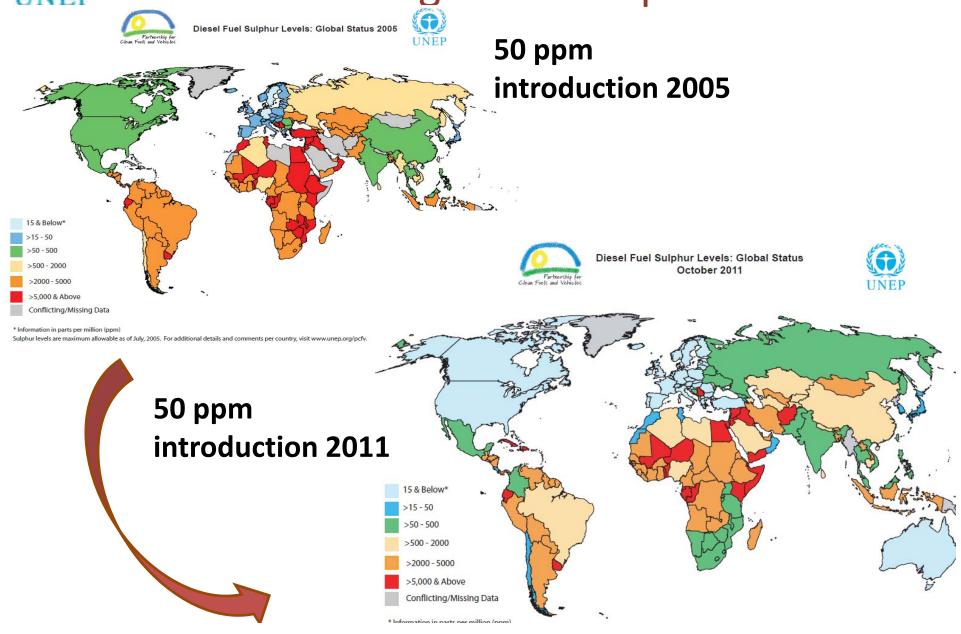
PM Levels Well Above WHO Guideline



= 20ug/m3 WHO PM10 Annual Air Quality Guideline



Countries moving to low sulphur fuels





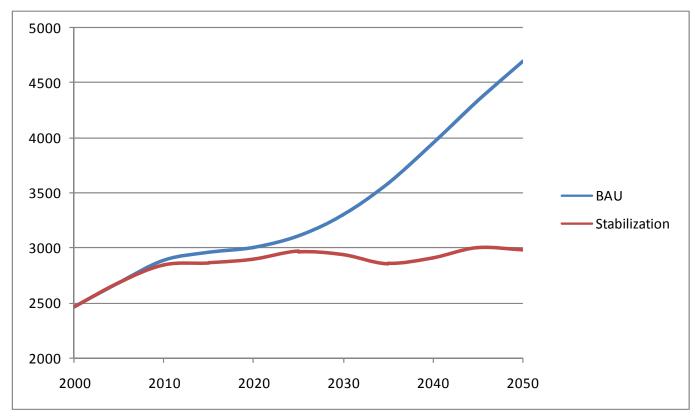
Focus 2: Transport and Greenhouse Gas emissions

Vehicle emissions and climate change

The Global Fuel Economy Initiative (GFEI)

To double the fuel efficiency of the global fleet

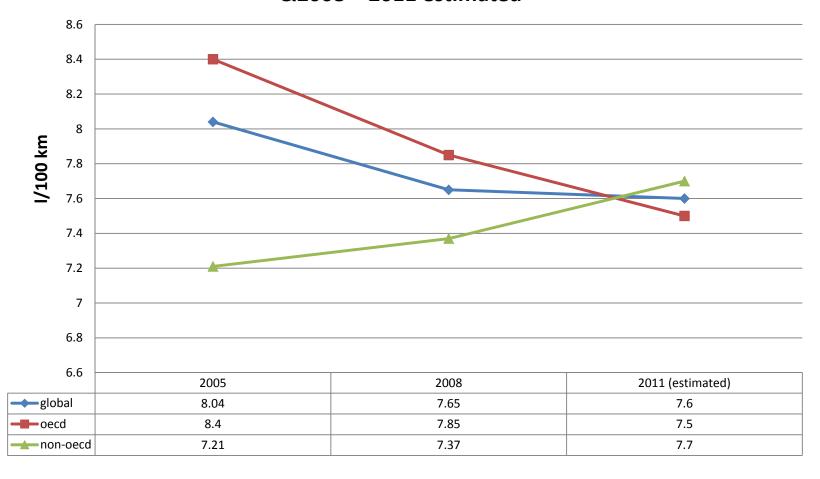




Global CO₂ emissions from light duty vehicles



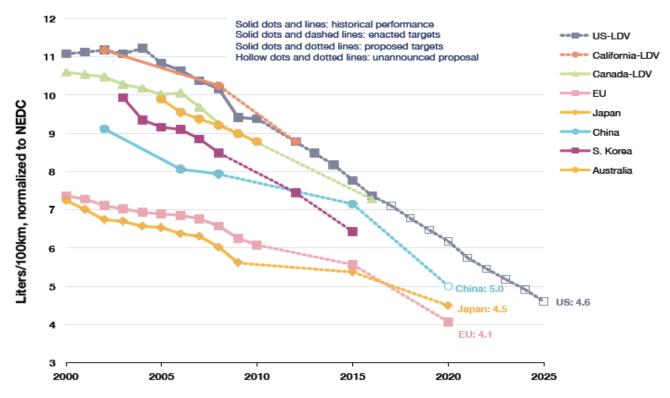
Automotive Fuel Economy Trends - OECD vs non-OECD 2005 &2008 + 2011 estimated





Global Improvement of Fuel Economy – ICCT 2011

Historical fleet fuel consumption performance and current or proposed standards



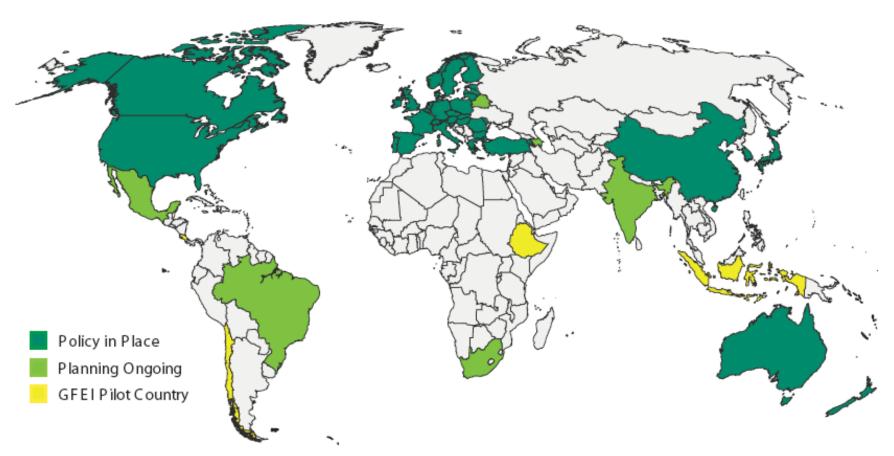
[1] China's target reflects gasoline fleet scenario. If including other fuel types, the target will be higher.

[2] US and Canada light-duty vehicles include light-commercial vehicles



Making vehicles cleaner & more fuel efficient

Goal of the Global Fuel Economy Initiative (GFEI): Contribute to significant reductions of greenhouse gas emissions and oil use through improving the average fuel economy across the global light duty vehicle fleet



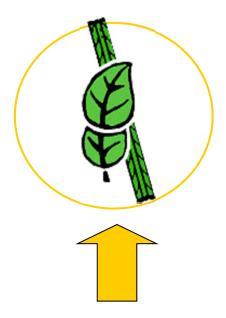
Status as of 1 March 2010, see www.50by50campaign.org for updates



Focus 3: Promote non motorised transport

Promote Investment in NMT infrastructure in Africa

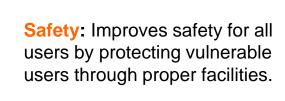
The UNEP Share the Road programme

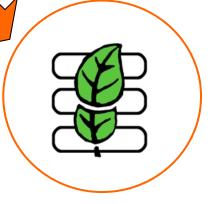


Accessibility: Increases and improves affordable access to vital services and other transport modes.

Investments in NMT Infrastructure

Environment: Reduces GHG & air pollutant emissions, improves resource-efficiency in land and energy use.







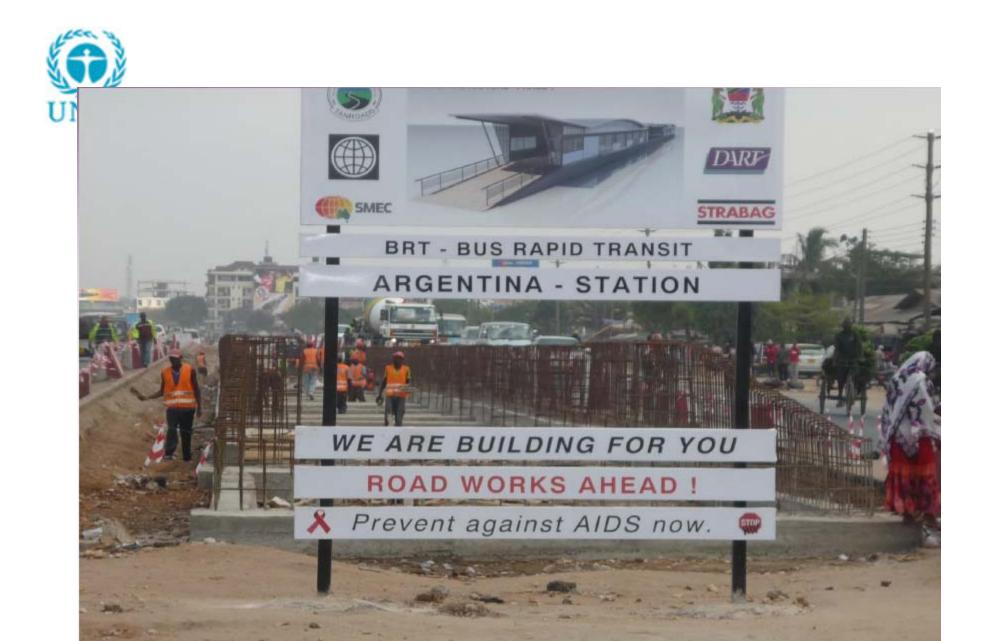


Focus 4: Clean and Efficient Mass Transit

Promote Bus Rapid Transit Systems in Africa



- No efficient and clean mass transit systems in Africa
- BRT is affordable option, used in many countries
- UNEP working to support BRT systems in Africa – in cooperation with a group of partners





Global Trends

Some global trends:

- Transport key in move to green economy/ low carbon economy;
- Role of cities, role of urbanization;
- Role of transport in climate change and development (Rio+20, climate programs)
- General acceptance A-S-I concept and need for modal shifts
- Link with energy and development (dependency, congestion, cost, oil issues, road safety)
- Recognition of importance PM, BC and CO2
- Alternative to private car use mass transit systems, NMT etc
- Introduction new technologies (electric, hybrid)
- Introduction of cleaner, low sulphur, fuels
- Interest and introduction vehicles policies & standards feebate systems, importation restrictions,...



India project

- UNEP project, in cooperation Indian Government + Indian cities, supported by Germany (+ UNEP + RISO Centre)
- Implemented by RISO Centre in Denmark (collaborating center of UNEP)
- In collaboration with Indian institutions
- Integrating all aspects of transport low carbon transport strategy
- Much interest from other countries