

Promoting Low Carbon Transport in India

Project Inception Workshop
12 November, 2010
New Delhi

Supported by:



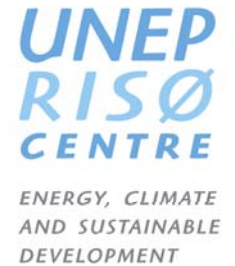
Federal Ministry for the
Environment, Nature Conservation
and Nuclear Safety

based on a decision of the Parliament
of the Federal Republic of Germany





Key Facts

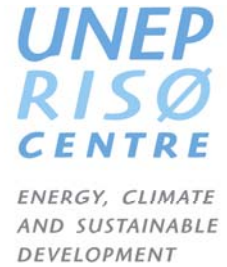


- **Budget:** € 2.49 million
- **Duration:** 2010 – 2013 (3 years)
- **Implementing Agency:**
 - United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
- **Implementing Partners:**
 - UNEP Risoe Centre, Denmark
- **Along with :**
 - IIMA: Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad
 - IITD : Indian Institute of Technology, New Delhi
 - CEPT University, Ahmedabad





Context

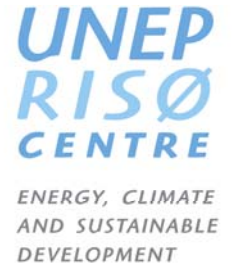


- Climate Challenge
 - How to stabilize at **2 deg C**?
 - Indian GHG Emissions 1727.71 mtCO₂ in 2007 (MoEF, 2010) but **per capita emissions below world average** (1.7 tCO₂)
 - Transport sector – **2nd largest contributor** to CO₂ emissions in India
- Drivers
 - **Modal switch** towards road transport
 - Growth in vehicle population faster than economic growth (MoRT&H)
 - High share of **two wheelers**
- Local challenge
 - **Local air quality** has deteriorated in most of Indian cities (New pollutants like NO_x, Ozone, etc) (CSE)
 - **Road accidents / fatalities** have increased with increasing vehicle populations (MoRT&H)
 - **Informal sector and poor** have ignored in formal transport planning
 - **Congestion**





National Policies

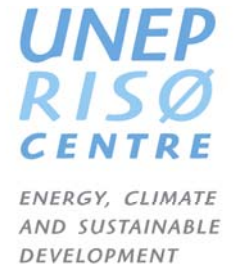


- National Action Plan on Climate Change
 - Sustainability approaches, e.g., promotion of **public transport**, greater use of bio-fuels, improvement of **vehicle efficiency**, etc.
- Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission
 - Focused on creating urban **infrastructures** – roads, highways, expressways, MRTS, Metros, etc.
- Auto fuel policy – Road map for improving vehicle emissions
- Fuel economy standards and labelling -





Project Objectives

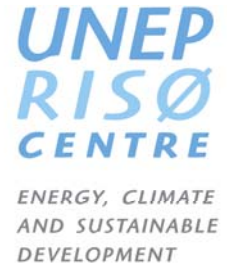


- Delineating an enabling environment for coordinating policies at national level to achieve a sustainable transport system
- Enhancing capacity of cities to improve mobility with lower CO₂ emissions.





Scope – National Level

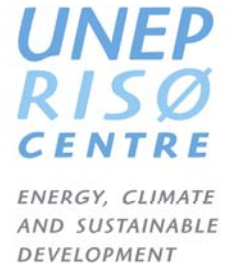


- A Transport Action Plan
 - **Sustainability Indicators** pertinent to ‘Sustainable Transport Services’ in India.
 - National level **assessment of transport sector**
 - **Case studies** of existing and under implementation projects.
 - A **Road Map** of technology needs, related R&D and technology transfer, finance and pathways for international cooperation.
 - **Policy recommendations** for achieving a sustainable transport system.





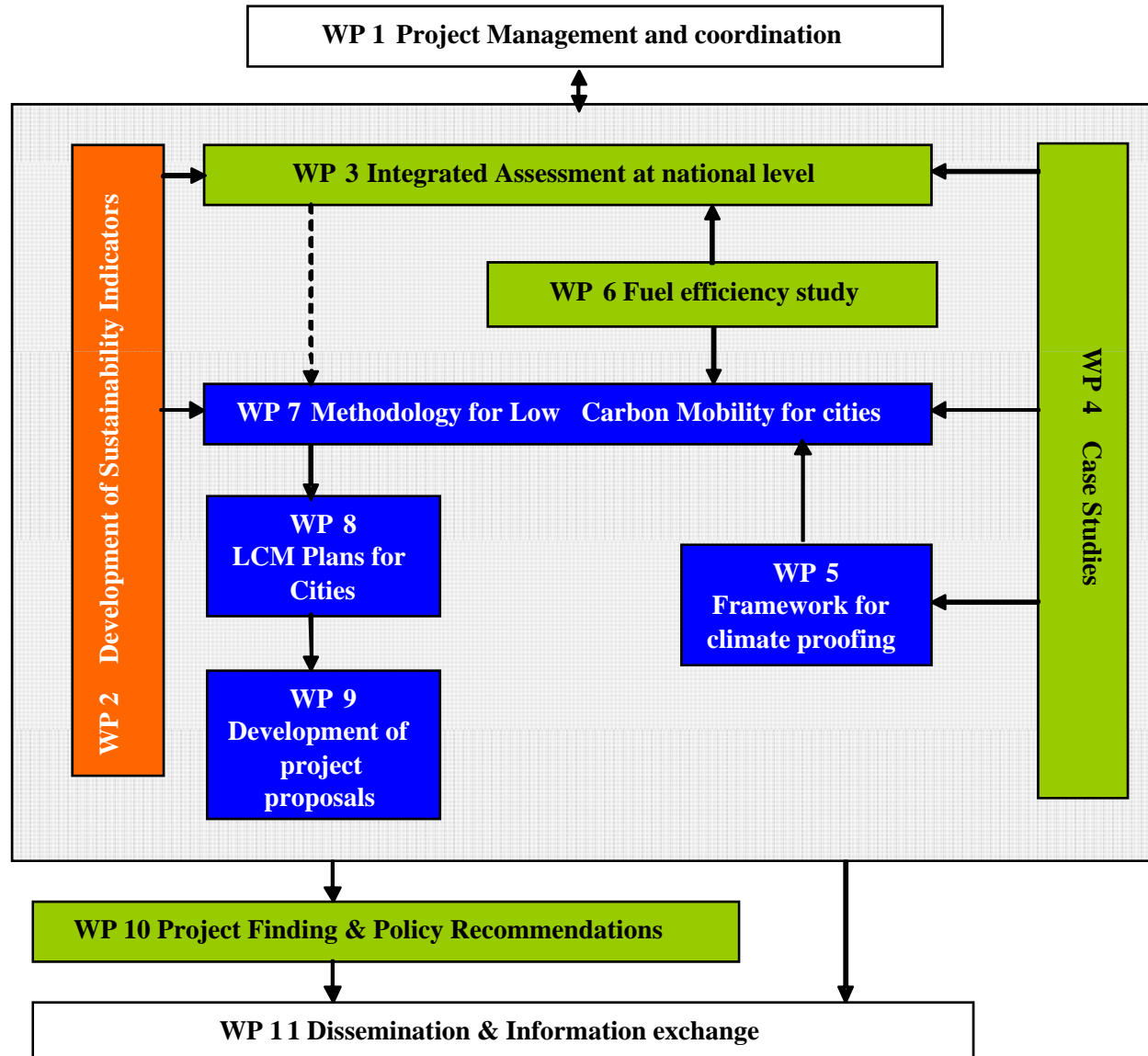
Scope City Level



- Low Carbon Mobility Plans
 - A **methodology** for developing low-carbon mobility plans at city level.
 - Development of **mobility plans (upto 4 cities)** which identify appropriate infrastructures and technologies for reduction of CO₂ emissions and adaptation to climate change impacts
- Project Proposals



Work Packages





Project Partners in India

**UNEP
RISØ
CENTRE**

ENERGY, CLIMATE
AND SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT



Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad



IIT Delhi

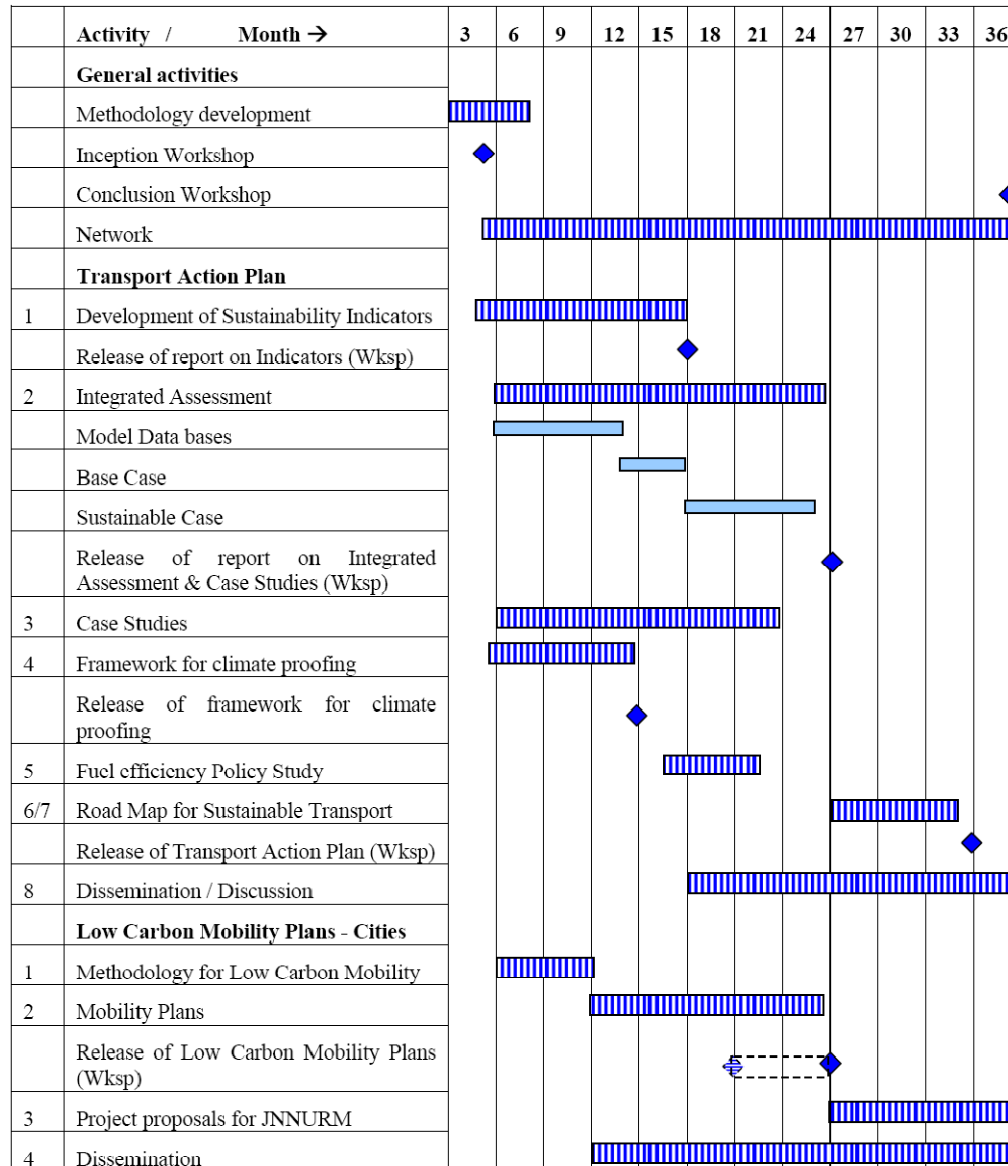
Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi

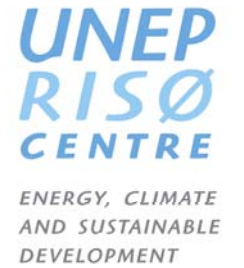


CEPT University, Ahmedabad



Workplan



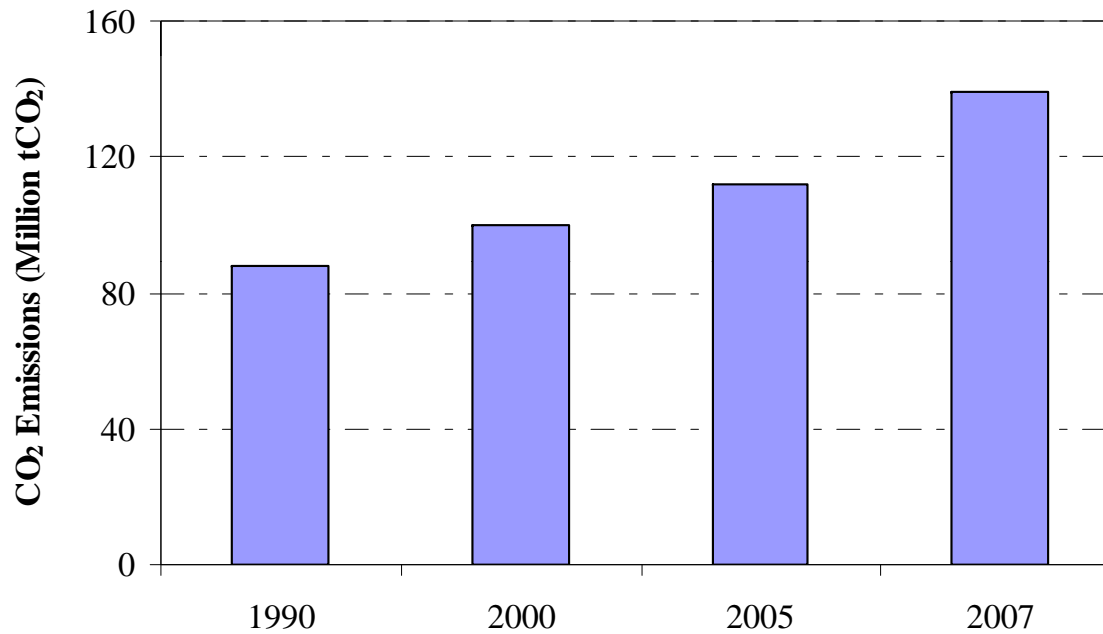


Thank You

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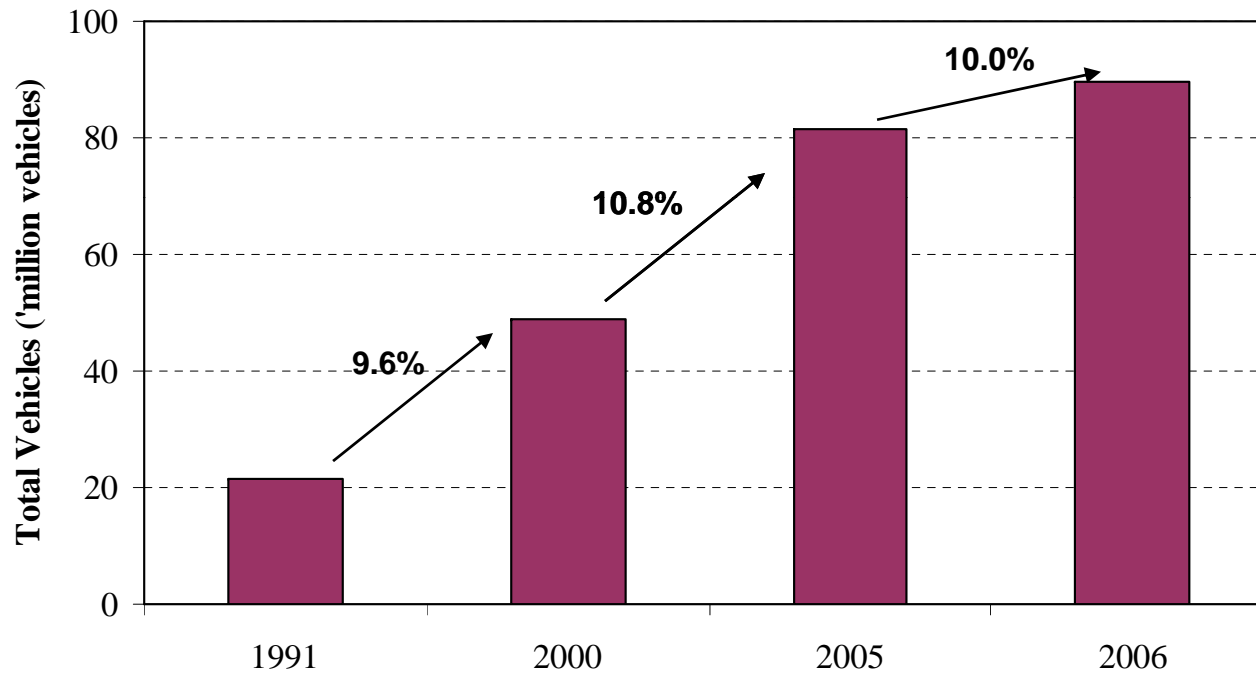
CO₂ Emissions from Transport



Share of transport **15%** **10%** **9%** **9%**

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Vehicle Population



But despite this there are only 10 cars per 1000 persons as compared to 565 cars for Germany