

MEXICO COMMENTS

Ministerial Declaration of the 2017 UN Environment Assembly “Towards a Pollution-Free Planet”

Final draft

As the world’s ministers of the environment, we represent around seven billion men, women and children, rich and poor, young and old, from every nation, faith and culture on this beautiful, but fragile planet. We believe that every one of those people should be able to live in a clean environment. Our water, air, ~~and soil~~ and biodiversity are our most precious natural resources. Any threat to them is a threat to our health, our society, our ecosystems, our economy, our security, our well-being and our very survival. That threat is already upon us and is cutting short the lives of millions of people every year, as well as irreversibly affecting biodiversity.

That is why we are gathered at this third session of the United Nations Environment Assembly to work towards a pollution-free planet, with political, scientific, industrial, ~~scientific~~ and civil society leaders. It is also why we believe it is imperative that we alert people everywhere to the following.

1. Every day, 9 out of 10 of us breathe air that is unsafe and 20,000 people will die because of it. Nearly 2,000 children below the age of five will die from dirty water and poor hygiene. Women and girls continue to be disproportionately affected, whether it be from cooking with dirty fuel or walking further to find safe water. Countless millions suffer health problems because every year we dump up to 13 million tonnes of plastic in our oceans and 50 million tonnes of electronic waste on our land.
2. We cannot even measure the human impact of allowing thousands of chemicals to be used in everyday objects without proper testing, labelling, using or tracking. We believe that it is both inexcusable and preventable. Far too many communities either lack information about the chemicals and hazardous substances they use or are exposed to, or the capacity to manage them safely.
3. However, we also believe that the knowledge and technological solutions to reduce pollution already exist, though many stakeholders have yet to explore and implement the many opportunities available. We are encouraged by the numerous success stories of countries, cities and businesses addressing air, soil, freshwater and marine pollution issues. Recent examples include the adoption of the Kigali Amendment to the Montreal Protocol and the entry into force of the Minamata Convention on Mercury.
4. As countries strive to deliver the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Paris Agreement, we acknowledge the links between pollution, climate change, biodiversity loss and ecosystem degradation. Addressing the integrated and unified nature of the SDGs is essential to leverage synergies and co-benefits, while avoiding or minimising goal conflicts and trade-offs. Tackling pollution will contribute to national sustainable development by fighting poverty, improving health, creating decent jobs, improving life below water and on land, and reducing global warming.
5. We are concerned by the legacy of damage and pollution that armed conflict causes to the environment, often delaying recovery and threatening the health of people and ecosystems.
6. We are also concerned that unsustainable land use and management creates phenomena such as deforestation, inappropriate agricultural practices, sand and dust storms, wildfires, and others which pose a great challenge to sustainable development.
7. We are convinced that determination, collaboration, knowledge generation and sharing, innovation and clean technology are transforming these challenges into opportunities to tackle pollution, but that we can do more.
8. Therefore, we are determined to scale up actions that prevent, mitigate and manage the pollution of air, land and soil, freshwater and oceans.
 - a. We will encourage the development, collation and use of reliable scientific data. This will include providing better multidisciplinary indicators; improving capacity for efficient gathering, verification and monitoring of data; and increasing transparency by making it easier to access such information more widely.

Commented [EASK1]: Mexico: Suggestion to place “scientific” before “industrial”.

Commented [EASK2]: Mexico: Suggestion to re-order the variables.

- b. We will promote evidence-based decision making in the public and private sectors, effective standard setting by all stakeholders and greater participation by individuals from all walks of life.
 - c. We will target all forms of pollutants and their emission sources through environmental agreements, multilateral fora and tailored national and international action.
 - d. We will accelerate the implementation of existing multilateral agreements, conventions and regulations to prevent, control and reduce pollution. Where the science is clear that such policies and actions should exist, but do not, we will develop them. Where the impact is not yet clear, we will increase research.
 - e. We will foster sustainable economic productivity, innovation, job creation and environmentally sound technologies.
 - f. We will stimulate sustainable consumption and production, by making it easier to rethink, reuse, recycle, recover and remake any products, materials and services.
 - g. We will promote the adoption of policies and approaches for the sound management of chemicals and waste, including the use of integrated life cycle, value chains and sustainable chemistry and processes. g bis. We will mainstream biodiversity into productive sectors, in particular those that contribute more to emissions pollutants in air, soil, water resources, and oceans.
 - h. We will make the best use of science, policy links, trade, investment and innovation opportunities, as well as to promote proactive environmental education.
 - i. We will work with local governments to encourage sustainable models of urban development.
 - j. We will promote fiscal measures such as incentives to stimulate positive changes. This will include capturing the true cost of ecosystem services and pollution, including its externalities, in financial decisions and redirecting investment from the short-term profits of polluting activities to the more sustainable profits of greener alternatives.
 - k. We will strengthen and enforce more integrated policies, laws and regulations and laws. We will achieve this by supporting and consolidating institutions and building capacity; bolstering monitoring and accountability systems; and sharing best practices, standards, policy instruments and tools.
 - l. We will create and expand multi-stakeholder partnerships and encourage closer cooperation and synergies, under the auspices of the United Nations, between national and subnational governments, the private sector, academia, indigenous peoples and local communities, civil society and individuals, especially women.
 - m. We will use North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation, regional dialogue and coordination across the United Nations to target pollution.
9. As ministers of environment, we recognize our role in delivering these commitments and promoting coordinated action. We will focus on preventive measures, taking account of each country's responsibilities and capacities. We will also emphasise the need for greater cooperation, through such means as the exchange of experiences, resources and technologies, while taking into consideration the Rio Principles on Environment and Development.
10. However, responsibility for combatting pollution does not rest with national governments alone. We need support from the private sector, international organizations, civil society and individuals. Everyone has a responsibility as mothers and fathers, husbands and wives, partners, sisters and brothers, friends, employers, colleagues, neighbours and communities.
11. We cannot overstate the need for rapid, large-scale and co-ordinated action against pollution and applaud the [XXXX]₂ pledges made in the Beat Pollution engagement campaign.
12. We support the actions and resolutions agreed by the Third Session of the UN Environment Assembly.
13. We acknowledge the magnitude of challenges and opportunities in the report by the Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme, *Towards a Pollution-Free Planets* and invite all stakeholders to use it.
14. Moving towards a pollution-free planet is a long-term endeavour. We request the Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme to engage stakeholders in proposing a common plan for implementation for our consideration.
15. We will advocate for this declaration, including at the meetings of the high-level political forum on sustainable development, and we will follow up on its implementation at our next session in 2019.
16. Contributing to the discussions of the follow-up and review mechanisms of the 2030 Agenda, we recommend the United Nations Environment Programme to actively participate in all the meetings of the High-Level Political

Commented [EASK3]: Mexico: Suggestion to eliminate "under the auspices of the United Nations", as it can limit the interaction, cooperation and synergies that can be generated outside of the framework of the UN.

Commented [EASK4]: Mexico: Suggestion to re-word the para in order to clarify that the main responsibility falls on the State, which in turn approves and implements normative frameworks with which the public sector, private sector and individuals must comply. The partnership with the private sector and civil society is central for effectiveness, but they cannot be considered on the same level as the State.

Commented [EASK5]: Mexico: Request for clarification on how the pledges will be linked to the outcomes of UNEA-3.

Commented [EASK6]: Mexico: The para requires further clarification on the link with the HLPF, as it is only mentioned but not explained in operative terms.

Forum as well as in the regional fora and provide valuable contributions for the environmental dimension of the 2030 Agenda.

17. This is our commitment to sounding the alarm on the health and wellbeing of our people, and to working towards a pollution-free planet.