

Environmental Assessment of Ogoniland Site Specific Fact Sheets

OKULUEBU- OGALE



This fact sheet is part of a series prepared as part of the Environmental Assessment of Ogoniland by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP). It provides the observations and results from one of the individual sites studied in detail, plus the specific risk reduction measures for follow-up action.

This fact sheet should be read in conjunction with the main assessment report available at: www.unep.org/nigeria.



Site fact sheet

See Guide to content and terminology on last page.

I - Site Description OBIO/AKPOR OKULUEBU- OGALE Site Name AYAMA AKPAJQ OYIGBO Site Number qc_005-001 I GA **ELEME** EBUBU TEKA-SOGHO TAI Main community OKULUEBU OGALE SIME KP TE KOROKORO JOR-SOGHO Surrounding communities **OKULEBO OGALE** OGU . GIO • KPORGHOR DEKEN **OKULUEBO** LUEGBO-BEERI WAKAMA • **OKULUEBU OGALE** OKRIKA BERA BOLO BERE OGU/BOLO 7.44 Investigated area (ha) GOKANA KIBANI Category SPDC Legacy Site KAPNOR T Eastings (WGS 84, Zone 32N) 295780 **OLOMA** Northings (WGS 84, Zone 32N) 534011 LGA boundaries ANDONI Oil Pipe in operation

Recommendations for risk reduction

- Communities should be informed in community meetings about health and safety precautions.
- A community based security and surveillance system should be put in place so that there is voluntary compliance with the restrictions which are needed to protect public health.
- The impacted area should be demarcated and appropriate signage put in place to indicate that the site is impacted.
- Highly contaminated core areas should be fenced and guarded until emergency cleanup measures have been carried out.
- Floating oil on the surface, if any, should be collected and treated off site.
- The site should be remodelled to prevent run off from the contaminated area into the downstream swamps.
- Runoff from the area should be monitored and if necessary collected and treated while the cleanup plan is developed and implemented.
- Additional soil sampling along with trial pits should be done at the contaminated site to delineate the site to be excavated for clean up.
- A detailed plan should be prepared for clean up of the contaminated soil and risk reduction at site.
- A system of ground water monitoring wells should be installed to act as early warning for communities which are not yet impacted by ground water contamination.
- A detailed plan should be prepared for clean up of the contaminated water and risk reduction in the community.
- While undertaking the clean up, management of excavation water should be handled properly to ensure that no pollutants are emitted into the environment without control.

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	II - Oilfield Infrastructur	е Туре			
Wells	AJOKPORI-003 (abandoned)				
	AJOKPORI-003-ST1 (producing)				
Flowstations	No				
Manifolds	No				
Flaresites	No				
Oil pipeline in operation	No				
NNPC crude line	No				
NNPC product line	No				
III - Spill History					
Spills reported by SPDC	Incident Number	Incident Date			
	1989_00130	19890809			
	1992_00140	19920916			
	1991_00145	19911019			
	1992_00115	19920714			
	1992_00211	19921212			
Spill reported by community	Yes				
	IV - Data Screenir	ng			
Assessment criteria	IV - Data Screenir	ng			
Assessment criteria Soil contamination	IV - Data Screenin Nigerian standards EGASPIN (intervention value				
		e 5000 mg/kg; target value 50 mg/kg)			
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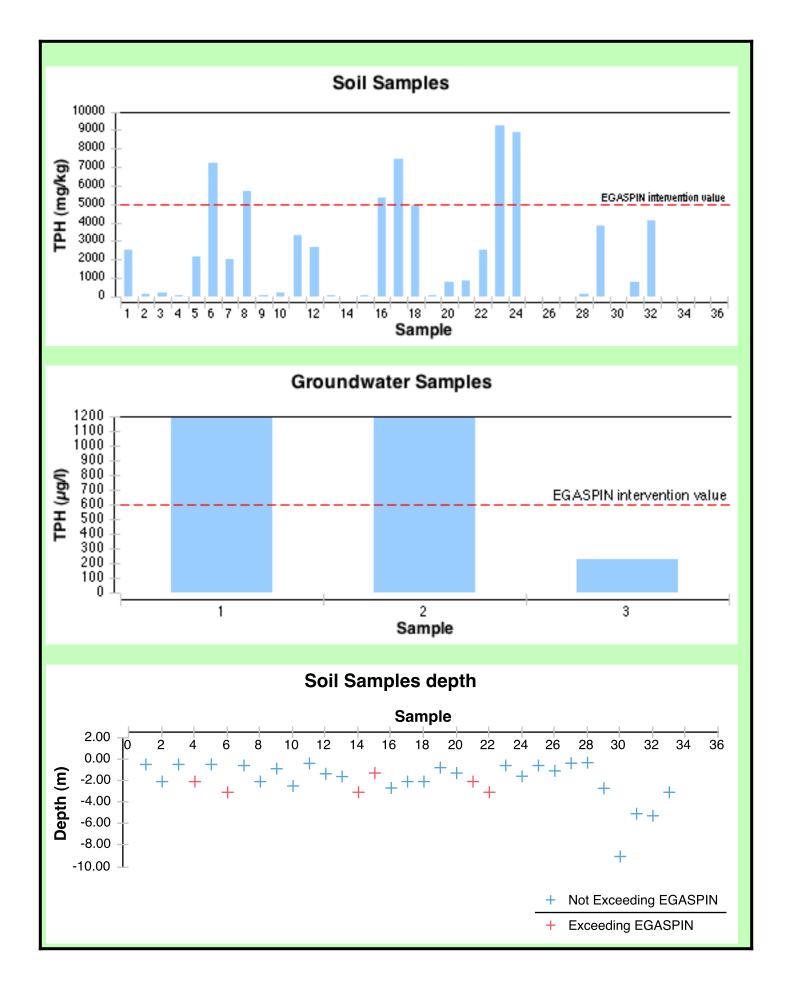
Not applicable

Not applicable

Number of CL sediment samples

Maximum CL sediment TPH (mg/kg)

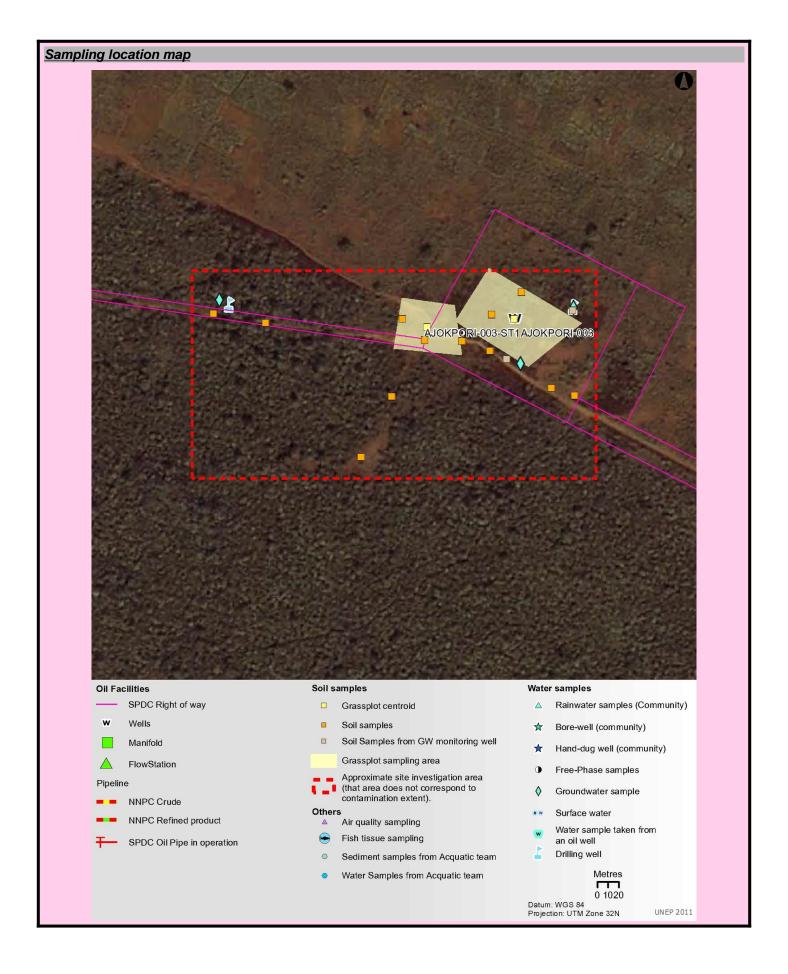
Number of CL sediment measurements greater than EGASPIN intervention value Presence of hydrocarbons in sediment above EGASPIN intervention value



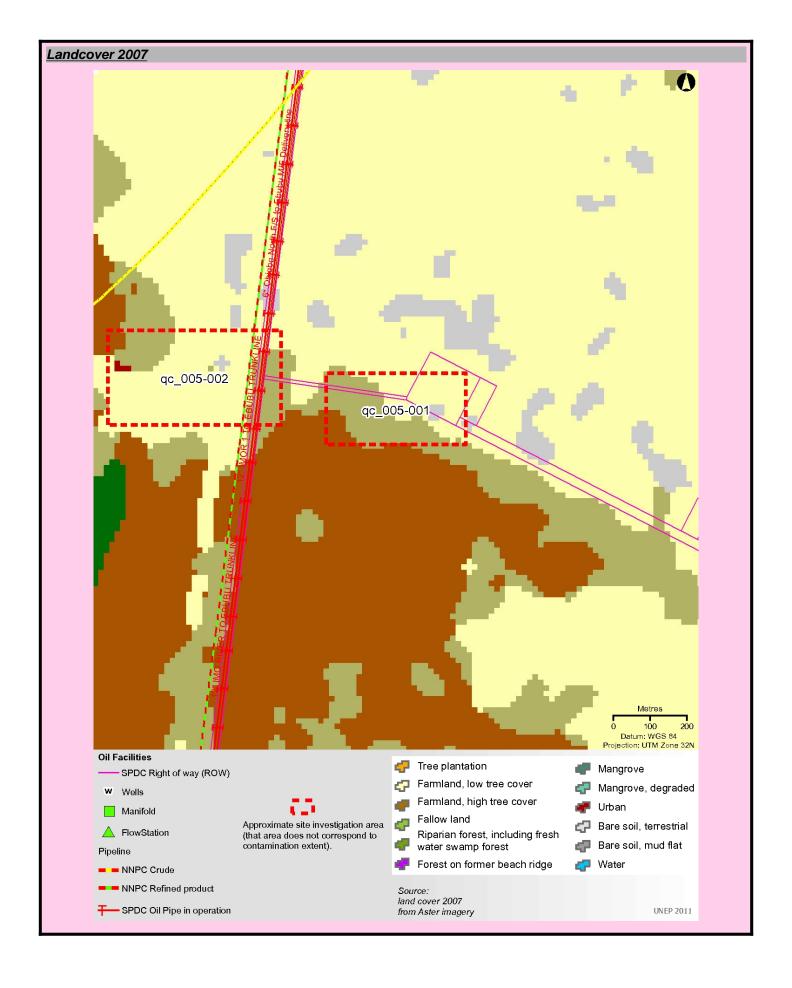
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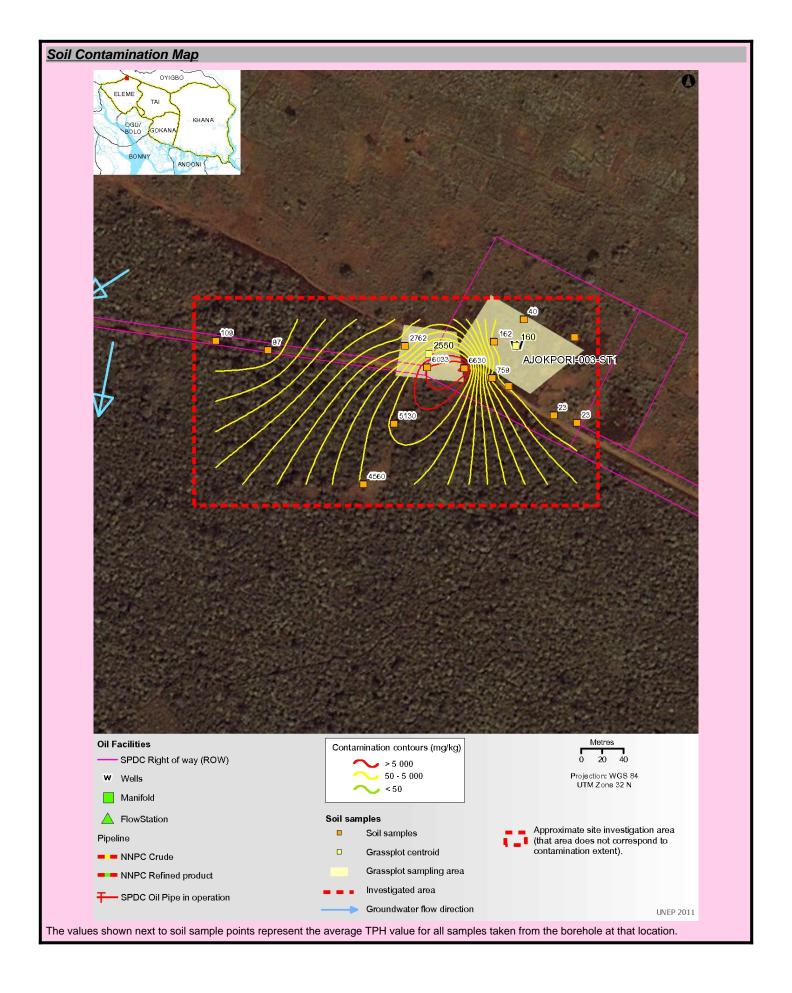
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<u> </u>	VII - Sar	mple List			
sample list					
Sample Identifier	Total petroleum hydrocarbon (mg/kg)	Depth (m)	Easting	Northing	
1540776	not analyzed for TPH	9.00	295948	534071	
1540781	not analyzed for TPH	5.00	295948	534071	
1540785	not analyzed for TPH	5.20	295886	534025	
1540790	not analyzed for TPH	3.00	295886	534025	
1708079	8,850.000	3.00	295809	534043	
1708146	793.000	2.00	295870	534033	
1708193	9,220.000	2.00	295809	534043	
1708231	2,500.000	1.20	295809	534043	
1708254	96.900	2.00	295659	534059	
1708319	7,460.000	1.20	295844	534042	
1708346	891.000	0.70	295809	534043	
1708360	760.000	-	295749	533933	
1708390	4,890.000	2.60	295778	533990	
1708438	4,130.000	2.63	295749	533933	
1708507	127.000	1.00	295872	534067	
1708665	8.630	0.50	295872	534067	
1708908	27.400	1.50	295928	533998	
1708936	13.800	0.50	295928	533998	
1709010	160.000	-	295893	534063	
1709293	3,820.000	0.28	295788	534063	
1709311	23.200	0.23	295950	533991	
1709633	91.400	0.30	295900	534088	
1709681	183.000	0.40	295610	534068	
1709718	85.300	0.50	295870	534033	
1709743	90.800	2.00	295610	534068	
1709835	2,000.000	0.40	295778	533990	
1709857	2,150.000	0.40	295844	534042	
1710099	7,210.000	2.00	295844	534042	
1710128	224.000	2.00	295872	534067	
1710229	5,330.000	3.00	295749	533933	
1710252	19.500	1.27	295900	534088	
1710289	5,740.000	3.00	295778	533990	
1710316	2,550.000	-	295811	534055	
1710455	2,650.000	2.41	295788	534063	
1710575	3,340.000	0.80	295788	534063	
1710594	57.600	1.53	295900	534088	
ndwater sample li	st				
Sample Identifier	Total petroleum hydrocarbon (μg/l)	Easting		Northing	
1866788	3,590		295899	534021	
1866793	2,500	295616		534081	
1866794	225	7	295949	534074	

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The Site Fact Sheets present more detailed data from UNEP's environmental assessment of Ogoniland on a site-by-site basis. Note that all data is based on the analysis of samples taken during the fieldwork period. The period of most intensive fieldwork ran from April to December 2010. The final sampling visit was completed in January 2011.

Here is a guide to the terms and abbreviations used. Please refer to the Environmental Assessment of Ogoniland report for details of EGASPIN target and intervention values.

Terminology

Site number Reference number allocated by UNEP to identify a study site

Area (ha) Estimated surface area (in hectares) of a given study site

Well Oil well, also referred to as a production well

Fugro well installed by Fugro at UNEP's request to enable scientific

sampling and monitoring

Community well Wells belonging to communities which are used to collect water for

drinking and sanitation needs

Contamination contour Maps that display the geographical distribution of oil contamination

concentrations in an analyzed receptor

Flare site Indicates whether the burning of unwanted gas through a pipe (or flare)

takes place at a given site

Flow station Separation facilities (also called gathering centres) which separate

natural gas and water from crude oil extracted from production wells

Incident number Numbers as supplied from the SPDC oil spills database

Manifold An arrangement of piping or valves designed to control, distribute and

often monitor fluid flow

Abbreviations

BDL Below Detection Limit
CL Contaminated Land

EGASPIN Environmental Guidelines and Standards for Petroleum Industries in

Nigeria

GW groundwater

LGA Local Government Area mbgs metre/s below ground surface

NNPC Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation

SPDC Shell Petroleum Development Company of Nigeria

TPH total petroleum hydrocarbons

UNEP United Nations Environment Programme

Explanatory Note

- The recommendations given are for initial risk reduction. Final clean up would need significant additional site specific engineering as well as consultation work.
- 2. Spill reported by SPDC has the date format YYYYMMDD
- 3. Assessment is done based on a screening of the measured value against a Nigerian or international standard
- 4. In the soil sample maps, the highest value has been cut-off to 2 times the intervention value. This was done to visually express the excedences above intervention values. Actual values are given in the sample tables.

5. The values of soil contamination listed in the Soil Contamination Maps are average values of all samples taken at that sampling location

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