**Recommended prioritized work plan for the biennium 2018–2019**

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| 1  | Development of adequate national legislation on the ban of the import, and management of movement of, hazardous wastes in Africa | • Establishment of policy  
• Review of national legislation; consultation with relevant stakeholders; awareness-raising and drafting of national legislation | Convention implemented through national legislation | Parties provided with adequate national legislation on the control system for the transboundary movement and management of hazardous wastes |
| 2  | Development of guidelines for implementation at the national level of legislation on the Bamako Convention | • Identify the need for specific guidelines  
• Committees established to draft the guidelines  
• Adoption of guidelines by the Conference of the Parties | • Guideline documents  
• Coordination with International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) with respect to radioactive waste | Availability of guidelines (more than one) |
| 3  | Training of competent authorities, focal points and dumpwatch entities | Workshop on the reporting requirements of the Bamako and Basel conventions, with reference to developing national inventories of hazardous wastes | Competent authorities, focal points and dumpwatch entities able to implement their responsibilities under the Convention | • Inventories initiated at the national level  
• Parties report as required under the Bamako and Basel convention |
| 4  | Criteria and terms of reference for hosting the Bamako Convention secretariat in Mali (by UNEP secretariat) | • Drafting of the criteria and terms of reference  
• Presentation to Bureau  
• Translation into French | Criteria and terms of reference | |
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| 5  | Establishment of databases and networks for the collection of information about the generation and movement of hazardous wastes | - Development or strengthening of national and regional clearing house mechanisms  
- Training with respect to the clearing house mechanisms | Surveys of information needs; development of information systems; training (workshop/attachments) | - Clearing house mechanism initiated at the national and regional levels  
- Key enforcement staff trained in the analytical use of the clearing house mechanism |
| 6  | Development of national and subregional strategies and action plans for the environmentally sound management of hazardous wastes | - Development of partnerships  
- Development of national expertise  
- Development of project proposal for funding by the Global Environment Facility (GEF) and other donors | - Hazardous wastes management programmes funded  
- Funding strategy developed and available at the country level | - Number of activities funded  
- Number of strategies developed and implemented  
- Number of partnerships developed |
| 7  | Mobilization of resources for the sound management of hazardous chemicals and wastes making use of the technical and financial assistance provided by GEF and other donors for the management of persistent organic pollutants and other chemicals | Project proposal to assist Mali in the hosting of the Bamako Convention secretariat | - Donors approached  
- Parties have paid their assessed contributions |
| 8  | Enhancing cooperation and collaboration with relevant stakeholders (e.g., customs, MARPOL, IAEA, INTERPOL, WANECE, WCO, BCRCs, SCRCs, NGOs, academia, Civil society, private sector, etc.) in the implementation of the Convention | National workshops in countries to train customs, police, port, environment and legal officers | Familiarization of enforcement staff with the obligations under the Convention | - Workshops are held  
- Officers of national agencies trained |
| 9  | Encourage countries to ratify or accede to the Bamako Convention | - Development of fact sheets, briefings, papers, booklets, press kit  
- Organize meetings with parliamentarians and decision makers | Broader representation and participation of the Africa region in the conventions | - 8 more ratifications of the Bamako Convention; increased awareness of decision makers and communities of issues concerning hazardous waste management (e.g., e-waste)  
- 10 Parliamentarians trained in each member State |
| 10 | Effective cooperation with the BCRCs and BCCC | - Promotion of the Bamako Convention to facilitate the sound management of chemicals and hazardous waste  
- Development of joint programmes of activities | - Develop joint business plan for the Bamako Convention secretariat and the BCRCs in Africa and in other regions (South-south cooperation)  
- Development of complementary approach to hazardous waste management in the Africa region | - Bamako and Basel conventions effectively used to facilitate the sound management of chemicals and hazardous wastes  
- Business plan implemented  
- Number of joint programmes implemented and joint |
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|    |        | • Regional centres facilitating the implementation of the Bamako and Basel conventions  
|    |        | • Formal working relationships developed with secretariats of relevant conventions (Basel, Rotterdam and Stockholm conventions), IAEA, IGOs, NGOs and the business sector | | activities carried out |