Information on Chemicals in Products – a Key to Sustainability

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"Lack of Information on Chemicals in Products is an Obstacle

in achieving a Greener Economy" Side-event at the Commission on Sustainable Development, CSD-18, May 2010



Information on Chemicals in Products is a Key to Sustainability





Current situation

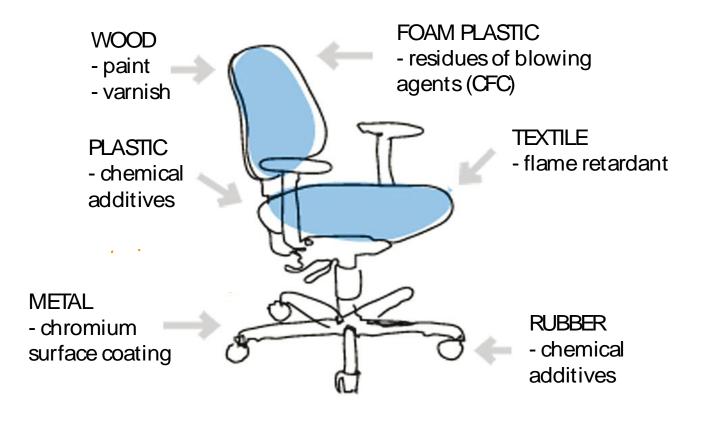




With improved information Designers can more safely use Recycled Materials







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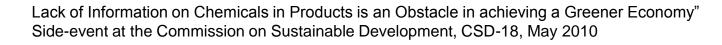
Examples of Chemical additives in materials

- Stabilizers (tin and lead compunds)
- Plasticizers/softeners (phtalats; DEHP)
- Pigments (azo dyes)
- Flame retardants (HBCD, deca-BDE, SCCPs etc)

Kemikalieinspe

Swedish Chemicals Agency

- Anti-bacterial substances (silver, triclosan)
- Dirt and water repellant (Perfluorinated compounds)



Examples of Chemicals for assembling and surface coating of products

Assembling

- Glues
- Sealants

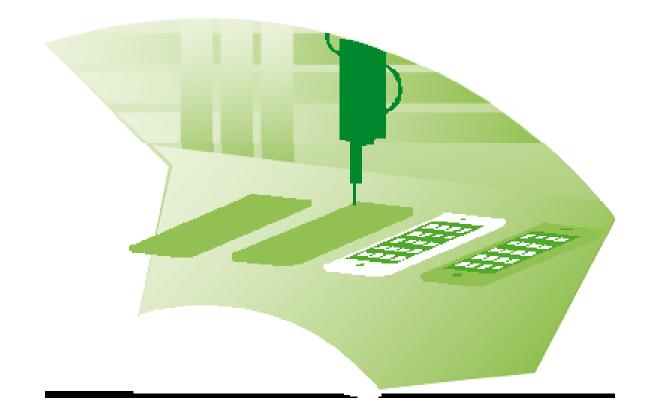
Surface coating

- Paints
- Varnishes
- Chromium plating





Producers are central in documenting and enabling information transfer

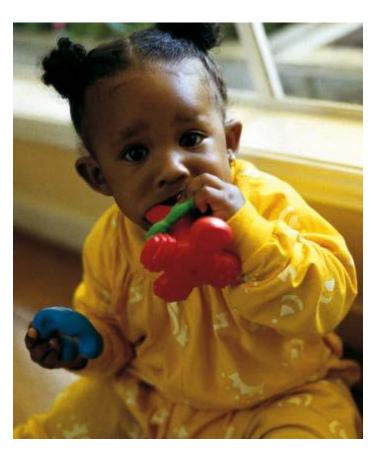






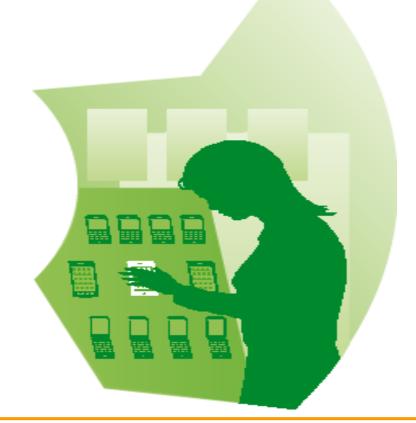
Childrens products

- Lead in paint, pastels, plastic toys, jewelry
- Neurotoxicant





Retailers and consumers should have access to information for informed choices





Consumers need access to information for improved waste management





Information can improve Recycling and Waste management





Greener Economy by closing the circle





Possibilities for safer reuse of materials in designing and producing new products



Global cooperative action to improve information - a key to improved Sustainability





