1- The mentioned transitions are in dire need of a shift in thinking of the entire populace ranking from general people to the decision-makers of every nation. Therefore, raising awareness and capacity building is the underlying principle of achieving inclusive and efficient transitions, which we still lag far behind.

2- We believe that UNEA, through formulating strong and affirmative-action policies, and UNEP as the executive would help nations tackle the problem upstream. A more efficient and powerful UNEP is needed at this time so to build responsibilities among countries and fight against any breakdown of and improve multilateralism and global solidarity.

3- The outline document develops the concept of individual countries' ultimate responsibility for the transition. UNEA and UNEP would make responsibilities but they should significantly consider the South Countries and the CBDR (common but differentiated responsibilities) principle. We also believe UNEA and UNEP should contemplate fair access of developing countries to financial resources to rebuilding their infrastructures; as a mismatch between the strategy of allocating funds (leaving no one behind) and what happens, in reality, is existed, unfortunately.

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