



Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, adopted by all United Nations Member States in 2015, provides a shared blueprint for peace and prosperity for people and the planet, now and into the future. At its heart are the 17 Sustainable Development Goals, which are an urgent call for action by all countries - developed and developing - in a global partnership. They recognize that ending poverty and other deprivations must go hand-in-hand with strategies that improve health and education, reduce inequality, and spur economic growth – all while tackling climate change and working to preserve our oceans and forests.



The EU-funded SwitchMed programme assists eight countries in the southern Mediterranean to switch to sustainable patterns of consumption and production and supports national and regional stakeholders in achieving productive, circular, and sharing economies in the Mediterranean. Developing and implementing SCP-NAPs allows countries to work on several SDGs outputs.

www.switchmed.eu



Sustainable Consumption and Production National Action Plan (SDG12/Target 12.1/Indicator 12.1.1)

The indicator 12.1.1: developing a SCP-NAP, will be part of the country's efforts to achieve Agenda 2030 and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG 12).

The government will coordinate a participatory and consultative multistakeholder approach and the action plan will focus on national priorities in resource efficiency and natural resources in strategic sectors, identified based on the extent of their significance to economic development and human welfare.

Developing and implementing Sustainable Consumption and Production National Action Plans allows countries to work on several SDGs outputs. The main SDGs addressed under the SwitchMed project are:

-  **8** Sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth
-  **9** Resilient infrastructure, industrialization and innovation;
-  **12** Responsible Consumption and Production
-  **17** Global partnerships for sustainable development



Implementing Sustainable Consumption and Production National Action Plans and the country chosen national priorities allows to respond to a large number of the SDGs. The eight SwitchMed countries' SCP-NAPs focus on:

Algeria	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Governance framework; • Energy transition and energy efficiency; • Waste and emission management; 					
Egypt	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Policy Instruments; • Integrated community development; • Sustainable agriculture; • Sustainable water management; • Sustainable and renewable energy; • Solid waste management; 					
Israel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supply and demand side; • Social environmental businesses; • Cleantech; • Green public procurement; • Environmental standards and labeling; • Resource efficiency 					
Jordan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agriculture and food industry; • Transport sector; • Waste management sector; 					
Lebanon	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SCP in the industrial sector and institutional frameworks; • Education and awareness raising for consumers; 					
Morocco	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agriculture and agri-food; • Eco-construction and sustainable buildings; 					
Palestine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tourism; • Housing and construction; • Food and agriculture; 					
Tunisia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agri-food sector; • Tourism sector; 					

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United Nations Environment Programme

UNEP is the leading global environmental authority that sets the global environmental agenda, promotes the coherent implementation of the environmental dimension of sustainable development within the United Nations system, and serves as an authoritative advocate for the global environment.