



**United Nations Environment Programme
Committee of Permanent Representatives
Subcommittee Meeting**

8 July 2021

**Remarks by Brazil on item 5
Briefing by the Multilateral Organisation Performance Assessment Network
(MOPAN) on the report “Lessons in Multilateral Effectiveness: Pulling
together – the multilateral response to climate change”**

as delivered by Mr. Patrick Luna,
Deputy Permanent Representative of Brazil to UNEP

Madam Chair,

Since my country was one of the few to be singled out in the presentation we just heard, I would like to recall that -- as indicated in the slide -- GHG stemming from deforestation and land-use change represent less than 12% of global GHG emissions. All the emissions from Brazil amounts to some 3%, and if we consider the historical emission they are less than 1%. All of us could, and obviously must, do better. Brazil revised its NDC in 2020, making it one of the most ambitious - including among G20 countries. Through it, we committed to double the resources devoted to environmental law enforcement and committed to end illegal deforestation by 2030.

At the same time, more than 73% of GHG emissions stem from fossil fuels, but no countries were singled out in that part of the presentation. We did not hear mention to the different level of development, the lack of clarity in climate finance. According to the UNSG report, developed countries did not deliver their promises of mobilizing yearly USD 100 billions in climate finance. They are responsible for the vast majority of the historical and present emissions and have not been abiding by their legal commitments on climate finance. It is unfortunate that this critical piece of information was not highlighted in the presentation.

I would kindly request that these comments are reflected in the meeting summary. Thank you, Madam Chair.
