1. We, the world’s Ministers for the Environment, have gathered in Nairobi, Kenya, together with international organisations, major groups and stakeholders at the fifth session of the United Nations Environment Assembly, under exceptional circumstances created by the COVID-19 pandemic, with the aim to strengthen actions for nature to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals.


3. We are deeply concerned about the devastating impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on human lives and health, economies and societies, further threatening our ability to achieve the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Sustainable Development Goals and are aware that we face heightened risks of future pandemics and other health threats if we maintain the current patterns of interaction with nature and do not take a One Health approach moving forwards.

4. We recognize that a healthy nature environment is required for sustainable development in all its dimensions, and that the wellbeing of humanity depends on nature, and on the services it provides for poverty eradication alleviation, resilience, our health, economy and ultimately our existence.

5. We note therefore with profound concern that nature is facing severe pressures from human activities through the unsustainable consumption and production patterns, and stress the urgent need to halt the global decline and fragmentation of biodiversity and habitats, which is unprecedented in human history, its main indirect and direct drivers being changes in land and sea use, direct unsustainable exploitation of organisms, unsustainable consumption and production patterns, climate change, invasive alien species and pollution of ocean and fresh water, air, and soil.
6. We note with further grave concern that the 2020 goal for the sound management of chemicals, agreed under the Strategic Approach to international Chemicals Management (SAICM), has not been achieved with pollution and adverse effects of chemicals and waste thus remaining a threat to the environment and our health.

7. We recognize the need for transformative and systemic changes and for policies that address several environmental and societal challenges simultaneously, rechannelling financial flows through innovative holistic approaches that truly value nature.

8. We are encouraged by the strength of innovation, knowledge building, and investment in green inclusive, resilient and sustainable technologies currently taking place which indicate that solutions exist or can be found that can benefit all countries, with a view to strengthen means of implementation in accessing green technology and investments.

9. We welcome the outcomes of COP 26, including adoption of the Glasgow Climate Pact, that recognized the critical role of nature in delivering benefits for climate adaptation and mitigation.

10. We welcome outcomes of Kunming Declaration from the High-Level Segment of the UN Biodiversity Conference 2020 (part 1) under the theme “Ecological Civilization: Building a Shared Future for All Life on Earth”.

11. We welcome and express our support for the upcoming Special Session of the United Nations Environment Assembly [PLACEHOLDER under the theme...] to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the creation of UNEP by the United Nations Conference on the Human Environment, to be held in Nairobi, Kenya on 3-4 March 2022.

12. We commit to supporting an inclusive and sustainable recovery, promoting a green and just transition, with the goal of revitalizing our economies and livelihoods, contributing to the attainment of sustainable development and poverty eradication, by mainstreaming biodiversity, climate and pollution concerns into all policies and tools; making use of green economy pathways that emphasize ecosystem and knowledge-based management, and by reducing carbon and non-carbon greenhouse gas emissions while adapting to climate change in line with the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement.

13. We commit to working across sectors and levels of government, and between governments, to halt the loss, degradation, and fragmentation of ecosystems, focusing on areas of particular importance for biodiversity; sustainable land, sea and water use, effectively managing and designating protected areas and parks, safeguarding especially vulnerable habitats, types of nature and
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ecosystems, and addressing deforestation, wildlife trafficking, illegal mining, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing, and other unsustainable activities, crime and conflicts that have serious impacts on the environment.

14. We commit to promoting conservation and sustainable use and management of nature and its resources, to advance sustainable consumption and production patterns, including through resource efficiency and circular economy policy approaches, and by applying appropriate valuation of nature and assessment methods of nature-related risks in policymaking.

15. We commit to promoting and strengthening ecosystem based approaches and nature-based solutions, including by actively reducing deforestation and forest degradation, and by protecting, actively conserving sustainably managing, and restoring degraded land and ecosystems that provide us with food, water, and energy, are habitats for biodiversity and provide carbon storage and sequestration, climate change adaptation and disaster risk reduction mitigating catastrophic disaster, for example natural forests, wetlands, peatlands, mangroves and coral reefs, thus underpinning our efforts to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals.

16. We recognize the importance of the best available science for effective climate action and policymaking and stress the urgency of enhancing ambition and action in relation to focus on the concrete action toward mitigation, adaptation and finance in this critical decade.

17. We will promote comprehensive land and water use planning backed up by robust national enforcement as an invaluable tool for sustainable development and encourage international cooperation to help create a conducive business environment that stimulates investments in sustainable production and value chains.

18. We are deeply concerned about the impact of land degradation and droughts, especially in the most vulnerable countries, and recognize that practices that restore land and soil and achieving land degradation neutrality has the potential to bring about positive socioeconomic change, protect ecosystems, and act as an accelerator for achieving several Sustainable Development Goals.

19. We commit to safeguarding life under water, and restoring a clean, healthy, resilient and productive ocean capable of providing food, sustainable livelihoods, and storing carbon, through strengthening efforts to protect, conserve, and sustainably manage our ocean, seas and coastal ecosystems marine and coastal, while acting to prevent pollution, including nitrogen pollution including plastic pollution, and increase resilience to climate change, and prevent marine temperature rise, sea level rise and ocean acidification, by
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keeping our efforts in line with the UNFCCC and the Paris agreement and the Agenda 2030.

20. We maintain our dedication to act in line with the implementation plan towards a pollution-free planet to protect nature the environment and human health from adverse impacts from chemicals and waste and support an ambitious framework for the sound management of chemicals and waste beyond 2020.

21. We continue our effort to ensure the sustainable utilization of natural resources, in accordance to standards stipulated in respective national rules and regulations, with the view to preserve the quality of the environment.

22. [Placeholder for text with reference to recent developments and outcomes on Marine Litter]

23. We commit to pursuing and joining promote new and innovative partnerships across sectors, and engage all relevant stakeholders, working with youth, women, Indigenous Peoples and local communities, business, finance and science sectors to develop actions that are nature positive for the environment and reverse the persistently negative long term trend for the environment described by recent scientific reports from the Intergovernmental Science Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services (IPBES), the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), the International Resource Panel (IPR) and the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).

24. We commit to cooperating across sectors and levels of governments, in partnership with other governments and local actors and the private sector to transition promote and strengthen to sustainable food systems, in line with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, and inspired by the UN Food Systems Summit vision of sustainable food systems that deliver enhanced food security and resilience while reducing emissions, biodiversity loss and freshwater use, as an essential solution to accelerate actions on all the Sustainable Development Goals, and we welcome the strong engagement by UNEP in the Summit follow-up processes.

25. We reaffirm the continued need to strengthen actions for nature and our commitment towards the UN Decade on Ecosystem Restoration, and call for an ambitious and transformational post-2020 global biodiversity framework for adoption at the 15th Conference of Parties of the UN Convention on Biological Diversity that inter alia includes a set of clear and robust goals and targets to address the direct and indirect drivers of biodiversity loss, as a key instrument to reach the Sustainable Development Goals, and the 2050 vision of the Convention of Biological Diversity of living in harmony with nature.
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26. We call for the **urgent**, adequate and coherent implementation of the actions, commitments and resolutions adopted by the fifth United Nations Environment Assembly as well as previous UNEA outcomes **addressing the triple planetary crises challenges of climate change, biodiversity loss and pollution**, and further recognize our role, as Ministers of the Environment, in following up on these commitments within our own governments, contributing to coordinated action across sectors and levels of government and promoting effective implementation.

27. We further recognize that the effective implementation of these actions requires enabling and coherent **legal and policy frameworks at all levels**, good governance and law enforcement, to be supported by effective and **urgently mobilized means of implementation from all sources of finance prudence sustainable financial sources**, including domestic, international, private sector and innovative sources in line with the Addis Ababa Action Agenda, as well as from relevant international environmental agreements, and **by further capacity-building and sharing best practices, including through South-South Cooperation, environmentally sound technologies, dedicated development partnerships to assist developing countries, and a renewed and strong commitment to multilateralism and international solidarity.**

28. **We further welcome and express our support for the upcoming international meeting Stockholm+50: a healthy planet for the prosperity of all – our responsibility, our opportunity, to be held in Stockholm, Sweden, on 2-3 June 2022, to further accelerate the transformation to a sustainable future, and regard this UNEA5 declaration as our input to Stockholm +50 [ref UNGA resolution A/RES/75/280].**