

UN Biodiversity Conference 2022

Briefing to subcommittee meeting of the Committee of Permanent Representatives

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Briefing will address

- I. Preparation
- II. Outcomes
- III. Participation and associated events
- IV. Looking ahead









UN Biodiversity Conference 2022

UN Biodiversity Conference 2022, Montreal, 7-19 December 2022, comprising:

Fifteenth meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (COP 15) Part 2 30 agenda items

Tenth meeting of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety (CP COP-MOP 10) Part 2 20 agenda items

Fourth meeting of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Nagoya Protocol on Access and Benefit Sharing (NP COP-MOP 4) Part 2

19 agenda items

Ministerial High-level Segment 15-17 December 2022









Intersessional Process COP 14 to COP 15











June to Dec 2022: from Kunming to Montreal

- June: change of venue from Kunming to Montreal announced at WG2020-4
- July: dates determined with COP 15 to be preceded by WG2020-5
- August: venue determined
- Mobilization of resources and actors
- Strong collaboration, liaison and regular meetings between Secretariat, China and Canada
- Logistical arrangements at federal, provincial and city levels











Major outcomes COP 15

Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework (decision 15/4)

Monitoring framework for the Kunming-Montreal GBF (decision 15/5)

Agreed and adopted as a package with decisions on:

- Mechanisms for planning, monitoring, reporting and review (decision 15/6)
- Resource mobilization (decision 15/7)
- Capacity-building and development and technical and scientific cooperation (decision 15/8)
- Digital sequence information on genetic resources (decision 15/9)









Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework

- Four global Goals for 2050 and 23 Targets to be achieved by 2030
 - Reducing threats to biodiversity (targets 1 to 8), Meeting people's needs through sustainable use and benefit-sharing (targets 9 to 13), Tools and solutions for implementation and mainstreaming (targets 14 to 23)
- Provides: background, purpose, considerations for implementation, links with 2030 Agenda, theory of change, 2050 Vision and 2030 Mission (sections A to F)
- Includes requirements for: implementation and support mechanism and enabling conditions; responsibility and transparency; communication, education, awareness and uptake (sections I to K)
- Global framework for all countries, governments, stakeholders, MEAs, organizations and UN, including UNEP, and provides a mechanism to foster:
 - synergies and complementarity in implementation of related MEAs;
 - whole of government and whole of society approaches; and
 - integration (mainstreaming) of biodiversity into sectors.







The closely-related decisions establish:

- Enhanced multidimensional approach to planning, monitoring, reporting and review (decision 15/6).
- Strategy for Resource Mobilization (decision 15/7).
- Long-term strategic framework for capacity-building and development (decision 15/8)
- Mechanism comprising a network of regional, and/or additional subregional technical and scientific cooperation support centres (decision 15/8).
- Agreement to establish a multilateral mechanism for benefit-sharing from the use of digital sequence information on genetic resources (decision 15/9).









Other GBF-related decisions address:

- Cooperation with other conventions and international organizations (Decision 15/13)
- Communications strategy (CBD/COP/15/L23, decision 15/14).
- Gender plan of action (CBD/COP/15/L24, decision 15/11).
- Plan of Action on Subnational Governments, Cities and Other Local Authorities for Biodiversity under the Convention on Biological Diversity (2021-2030) (CBD/COP/15/L22, decision 15/12).
- Guidance to the Global Environment Facility (CBD/COP/15/L.23, decision 15/15) including request to GEF to establish Special Trust Fund (Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework Fund)









Examples of other COP 15 outcomes

- Synthetic Biology (CBD/COP/15/L.18, decision 15/31)
- Nature and Culture (CBD/COP/15/L.10, decision 15/22)
- Biodiversity and agriculture (CBD/COP/15/L16, decision 15/28)
- Biodiversity and health (CBD/COP/15/L17, decision 15/29)
- Biodiversity and climate change (CBD/COP/15/L19, decision 15/30)









Significant outcomes of the COP-MOPs to the Protocols

Cartagena Protocol

- Implementation Plan for the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety 2021 to 2030
- Capacity-building action plan for the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety

Nagoya Protocol

- Measures to assist in capacity-building
- Digital sequence information on genetic resources
- Global multilateral benefit-sharing mechanism









High-level engagement at the Conference

Ceremonial opening in the presence of the Prime Minister of Canada and UN Secretary-General

High-level Segment presided by China (15-17 December 2022)

Ministerial discussions on GBF and its five associated matters, for example: Ministers of Egypt and Canada co-chairing discussions on GBF, Rwanda and Germany on resource mobilization, etc.









Participation and stakeholder engagement

930 observer organizations representing diverse stakeholders

Stakeholder representatives actively participated in contact and working groups, high-level meetings including with the UNSG

Participated in and organized events:

- 7th Summit for Subnational Governments & Cities
- Nature and Culture Summit
- 5th Science-Policy Forum for Biodiversity
- Business and Biodiversity Forum
- Finance and Biodiversity Day
- Youth Summit
- Multistakeholder Place Québec
- Thematic pavilions and exhibitions
- Over 200 side-events

Perspectives of civil society influenced the negotiations and are reflected in the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework



Analysis

- Solid GBF that takes into account views from all actors.
- Over 4 years of consultations and engagement
- Has overcome critical issues: means of implementation, including capacity building, resource mobilization and financing; numerical values, monitoring, indicators and baselines; and digital sequence information (DSI)
- Takes into account lessons learned from previous strategic plan and targets: Not all stakeholders were involved in preparing Aichi Biodiversity Targets; no key financing or RM mechanisms; delays related to national reports and NBSAP review









Implementation

- Rapid alignment of NBSAPs with GBF
- Support from GEF-7 early action grants and GEF-8; and establishment of GBF Fund in 2023.
- Expecting governing bodies of other conventions and international organizations, including UNEA-6, to endorse the GBF, align strategies, and contribute to its implementation and monitoring









Intersessional work to COP 16

Provision for **up to six intersessional meetings** of open-ended subsidiary bodies to provide advice to **COP 16, to be held in Türkiye in last half of 2024**:

- Subsidiary Body on Scientific, Technical and Technological Advice (SBSTTA) up to two meetings
- Subsidiary Body on Implementation (SBI) up to two meetings
- Ad Hoc Open-ended Inter-Sessional Working Group on Article 8(j) and Related
 Provisions of the Convention on Biological Diversity (WG8J-12)
- Ad hoc open-ended working group on benefit-sharing from the use of digital sequence information on genetic resources to undertake further development of the multilateral mechanism and make recommendations to COP 16









Intersessional work to COP 16

Will be informed by work undertaken by, among others:

- Ad hoc technical expert group on indicators for the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework to advise on the further operationalization of the monitoring framework
- Advisory Committee on Resource Mobilization to support strengthening the Strategy for Resource Mobilization and to operationalize elements of the decision on resource mobilization
- Informal advisory group on technical and scientific cooperation, to provide strategic advice on practical measures, tools and opportunities to promote and facilitate technical and scientific cooperation









Thank You

Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity January 2023





