Implementation Plan of Recommendations

Project Title and Reference No.: GEMS/Water Programme

Water Quality: Strengthening the normative basis for planning, monitoring, and managing water quality for aquatic ecosystems" (2015-2018, PIMS ID 01845) and "Capacity building for national and regional environmental information and knowledge management" (2018-2022, PIMS ID 02020)

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	PLANS			
RECOMMENDATIONS	ACCEPTED (YES/NO/ PARTIALLY)	WHAT WILL BE DONE?	EXPECTED COMPLETION DATE	REPONSIBLE OFFICER/ UNIT/ DIVISION/ AGENCY
#1 Considering the essential role played by GEMS/Water as the primary world project supporting ambient water quality and SDG indicator 6.3.2, GEMS/Water should extend its current 2020-2024 strategy until at least the end of 2025, coinciding with the current 2022-25 UNEP strategy and outline a UNEP	Partially New GEMS&EWE ProDoc until 2027 New Secured Funds • GIZ Project until 2026 (400k annually) • SDG IMI-6 Phase 3 until 2026	 Suggestion: Write Proposals Engage potential donors Update outreach materials 	End 2024	Kilian Christ GEMS/Water GPCU

ambient water strategy until 2030. Based on the extended strategy, the management of UNEP should engage current and potential bilateral donors to secure and mobilize core funding, including by activating the GEMS/Water fund, to secure at least USD 1.5 million per year.	(200k annually) In-Kind Secured • Extension of agreement with BMUV on data until 2030 (In- kind 700k annually) GAP: CapDev (400k annually)			
#2 The science division (sic) should obtain formal commitments, such as a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between the project and regional offices to implement activities described in the new GEMS/Water project document	Νο	Following UNEP's new delivery model Regional Offices will be consulted and engaged, however this does not require the obtainment of MoUs. The need for an approach that involves closer coordination with the Regional Offices is acknowledged.	N/A	Kilian Christ GEMS/Water GPCU
#3 The project team should liaise closely with the Project Review Committee to ensure that changes	Yes	New Project Document is expected to be finalized before the end of 2024 and will reflect all the newly secured resources.	End 2024	Kilian Christ GEMS/Water GPCU

that are driven by				
securing funds, or				
changes in the				
external context (like				
SDGs) are properly				
reflected in project				
documentation and				
that the project is				
following UNEP's				
guidance on results-				
oriented				
projectization of its				
work				
#4 Maintain the	Yes – conditional	Linked to #1 on fundraising	End 2024	Kilian Christ
blended format for	to availability of			
capacity development	funds			GEMS/Water
(in-person and online)				GPCU
and workshops,				
taking advantage of				
the proven efficiency				
and general				
acceptance of such				
channels in the				
aftermath of the				
COVID-19 pandemic.				
Online meetings and				
courses reduce costs				
and environmental				
impacts, allowing for				
more focused				
addressing national				
or regional water				
quality problems.				

#5 The GEMStat	Yes	GEMStat is the intended primary gateway for global	Continuously	Kilian Christ
platform needs		ambient water quality data.		
consolidation to				GEMS/Water
become the intended		 GEMStat is developing a one stop water 		GPCU
primary gateway for		quality access page		
global ambient water				
quality data, including		Agreement with BMUV secured until 2030 providing in		
the SDG indicator		kind support of 700k annually.		
6.3.2. Thus, UNEP's				
management should		Closer collaboration with UNESCO IHP/IIWQ and		
ensure continuing		WMO on water quality data interoperability		
support from the				
German Federal				
Institute of Hydrology				
to keep on hosting				
GEMS/Water data				
center to continue				
forging alliances				
enabling enhanced				
data sharing and				
interconnectivity of				
different data portals.				
#6 Considering the	Yes	A continuation of the UCC Capacity Development		Kilian Christ
courses' positive		Centre is the ideal scenario to continue		
impact and barriers to		GEMS/Water's Capacity Development work, however		GEMS/Water
access and year-long		is subject to available funding (see #1).		GPCU
turnover of graduates,				
UNEP management		Agreements with relevant institutions to deliver		
should ensure the		GEMS/Water Capacity Development products in		
continuation of the		different regions are currently being pursued, starting		
University College		in Latin America.		
Cork as GEMS/Water				
Capacity				
Development Centre.				
However,				

GEMS/Water should explore agreements with relevant academic institutions, especially in Latin America, the Caribbean, and Africa, to facilitate access and expand the scope of GEMS/Water capacity development activities.				
#7 Scoping and training workshops have contributed to enhancing some capacities at national water agencies and reactivating GEMS/Water's global network. However, much more awareness about ambient water quality is needed in other key government organizations, including planning departments, ministries of finance, agriculture, etc. In cooperation with UNEP Regional Offices and other UN agencies with	Partially	More awareness is needed about ambient water quality, but the expertise on making the economic case for water quality monitoring will require relevant partners with expertise on valuing ecosystems services. GEMS/Water will engage UNEP colleagues working on ecosystems services to discuss a way forward.	Continuously	Kilian Christ GEMS/Water GPCU

regional and country			
presence,			
GEMS/Water should			
consider participation			
in regional events to			
make the economic			
case for investment			
in water quality.			

The following is a summary of lessons learned from some of the project's experiences and based upon explicit findings of the review. They briefly describe the context from which the lessons are derived, and the potential for wider application:

Lesson Learned #1:	Complex management arrangements, involving several divisions and regional offices rarely work in the absence of formal mechanisms (MoU, ICA or similar)
Context/comment:	In-kind contribution planned from different UNEP Divisions and Regional Offices did not materialize

Lesson Learned #2:	The transaction and administrative costs of maintaining global networks should be assumed in the project design by assigning sufficient staff time and enabling flexible contract modalities to bypass rigid contractual procedures and high labor costs.
Context/comment:	The project was chronically deprived of human resources and needed to build its current
	team by combining funding from diverse sources