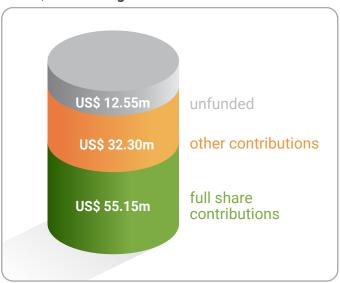
ENVIRONMENT FUND

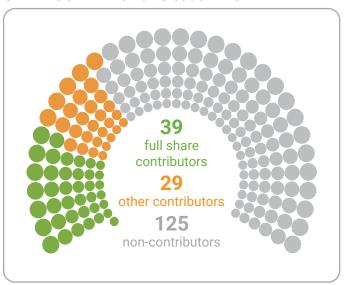
2023 CONTRIBUTIONS AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2023



INCOME vs UNFUNDED BALANCE of US\$ 100m budget



NUMBER AND CATEGORY OF MEMBER STATE CONTRIBUTORS out of 193



TOP15CONTRIBUTIONS

1 Head Norway	\$12.3m	6		Denmark	\$7.2m	11	Canada	\$2.8m
2 Netherlands (KOT)	\$10.2m	7		United Kingdom	\$4.5m	12	Italy	\$2.6m
3 Cermany	\$8.1m	8		Belgium	\$4.2m	13	+ Finland	\$2.3m
4 United States of America	\$7.6m	9	+	Switzerland	\$4.0m	14	Spain*	\$1.6m
5 France	\$7.6m	10		Sweden	\$3.9m	15	Japan*	\$1.5m

CONTRIBUTIONS ABOVE FULL SHARE ***

Canada ===	Kenya	Micronesia (FSO)	Netherlands (KOT)	Peru
Denmark	Luxembourg*	Monaco*	Norway	

CONTRIBUTIONS EQUAL TO FULL SHARE ***

Albania	Eritrea	Ireland	Morocco*	Slovenia
Belgium	Fiji	Jamaica	New Zealand	Sri Lanka
Bosnia and Herzegovina	France	Jordan	Panama	Switzerland
Bulgaria	Guyana	Latvia	Saint Lucia*	Tanzania (TURO)*
Cyprus	Guinea	Maldives	Serbia	United Kingdom
Dominican Republic	Iceland	Mauritius	Seychelles	Uruguay

TOP INCREASES **

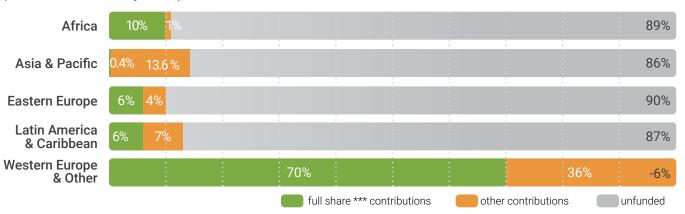
TOP INCREASES **											
Bulgaria Peru Morocco*	820% 153% 120%	\(Kenya Spain* Netherlands (KOT)	33% 27% 22%		Canada Denmark Guyana	14% 10% 5%		United Kingdom Austria	1% 1%	
Australia Norway	81% 75%	** *	Republic of Korea Micronesia (FSO)	16% 16%	•	Japan* Germany	2% 2%				
											1

MULTI-YEAR PLEDGES COMEBACKS OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS Guinea Belgium India* Iran (TIRO)* Chile Malaysia Singapore Honduras Canada China Trinidad & Indonesia Mexico* Slovakia Denmark Jamaica Tobago Monaco Kenya Croatia Kazakhstan **Philippines** South Africa Netherlands (KOT) Maldives Hungary Kuwait Portugal Thailand South Africa

CONTRIBUTIONS AT REGIONAL LEVEL

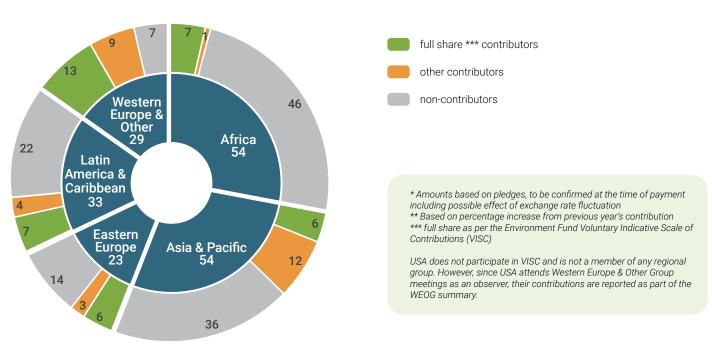
Panama

(in % of total funds requested)



NUMBER OF COUNTRIES BY REGION

(by status of their contribution)



The Environment Fund supports the publication of UNEP's spotlight reports, including the *Emissions Gap Report* – an annual publication strategically launched ahead of the UN Climate Change Conference negotiations. The report monitors the gap between the trajectory of global emissions under existing country commitments, and where they ought to be to limit warming to 1.5°C.

