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Intergovernmental Review Meeting of Mediterranean Coastal States and First Meeting of the Contracting Parties to the Convention for the Protection of the Mediterranean Sea against pollution and its related protocols

Geneva, 5 - 10 February 1979

 \cdot^{\prime} INFORMATION ON THE MEETING OF THE

Geneval, 1-2 February 1979

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- = Report of the Chairman of the Meeting

Note:

The report of the Chairman of the Meeting is based on a text prepared by a drafting group (France, Greece, Malta, Monaco and Yugoslavia) and the discussions that followed. This report does not necessarily reflect the views of either all the participants or the Secretariat.

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AGENDA

1. Opening of the meeting.

- Organization of the meeting and adoption of the agenda . . .
- 3. The Blue Plan and its relationship with other components of the Mediterranean Action Plan.
- 4. Arrangements for the implementation of the first phase of the Blue Plan.
- 5. Closure of the meeting.

LIST OF DOCUMENTS

UNEP/WG.25/1 Provisional agenda

UNEP/WG.25/2 Provisional annotated agenda

UNEP/WG.25/3 Operational document for the Blue Plan (UNEP/IG.11/INF.6)

INFORMATION DOCUMENTS

UNEP/WG.25/INF.1 Provisional list of documents

UNEP/WG.25/INF.2 Provisional list of participants

UNEP/WG.25/INF.3 Report od the Intergovernmental Meeting of Mediterranean

Coastal States on the Blue Plan, Split, 31 January -

4 February 1977. (UNEP/IG.5/7)

UNEP/WG.25/INF.4 Report of the Intergovernmental Review Meeting of

Mediterranean Coastal States on the Mediterranean Action Plan, Monaco, 9-14 January 1978.(UNEP/IG.11/4)

UNEP/WG.25/INF.5

and

UNEP/WG.25/INF.5/Add.1 Oraft outlines of surveys and project proposals

UNEP/WG.25/INF.6 The Blue Plan (first phase). Survey on "Water Resources

of the Mediterranean Basin". Terms of Reference.

(UNEP/WG.18/3/Rev.1)

UNEP/WG.25/INF.7 Elements of a regional co-operation programme for fresh

water resources management in the Mediterranean region.

(UNEP/WG.16/4/Rev.1

UNEP/WG.25/INF.8 National focal points for the Blue Plan

EXPECTED CONTRIBUTIONS FROM GOVERNMENTS ON THE BASIS OF THE SCALE OF ASSESSMENTS ADOPTED AT THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL MEETING ON THE BLUE PLAN SPLIT, 31 JANUARY - 4 FEBRUARY $1977^{\frac{1}{2}}$

	Blue Plan · \$	United Nations Scale of assessments (1977)	Blue Plan Sacle of assessments
Albania	1 200	0.02	0.16
Algeria	6 075	0.10	0.81
Cyprus	1 200	0.02	0.16
Egypt	4 275	0.08	0.65
France	343 725	5,66	45.83
Greece	23 700	0.39	3.15
Israel "	14 550	0.24	1.94
Italy	200 400	3,30	26.72
Lebanon	1 800	0.03	0.24
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	10.350	0.17	1.38
Malta	1 200	0.02	0.16
Monaco (Principality of)	1 200	0.02	0.16
Morocco	3 075	0.05	0.41
Spain	92 925	1.53	12.39
Syrian Arab Republic	1 200	0.02	0.16
Tunisia	. 1 200	0.02	0.16
Turkey	18 225	0.30	2.43
Yugoslavia	23 100	0.38	3.08
	750 000	12.35	100.00
	======	====	

The total agreed cost for the first phase of the Blue Plan is \$1,490,000. This amount to be shared among Governments (50 per cent) and international organizations (50 per cent). So far, four Governments forwarded to UNEP their contributions (France, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malta, Morocco).

Documents UNEP/IG.5/7, para. 57-62 and UNEP/IG.5/6/Rev.1, Annexe

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REPORT BY THE CHAIRMAN ON THE CONCLUSIONS OF THE MEETING OF THE BLUE PLAN FOCAL POINTS

The participants reached a consensus on the following part of the document:

The Governments participating in the Split and Monaco Meetings approved the Blue Plan and the definition of the objectives and implementation arrangements for the first phase of the Plan.

The concern of Governments to ensure that specific measures were speedily adopted led the participants in the Focal Points Meeting to note that the implementation of the first phase of the Blue Plan was hampered by the following difficulties:

Lack of adequate data for appraisal, particularly as regards links between the Blue Plan and other elements of the Mediterranean Action Plan;

Difficulties in raising the contributions in cash, in kind or in services that had been hoped for;

The fact that not all Governments have designated their Focal Point. 1/

Leaving aside the delay caused by the lack of financial resources, it is evident that only the designation of focal points will enable this co-operation project to get under way.

The participants did not have time to agree on the wording of a definitive text for the next paragraphs. Their proposals may be summarized as follows:

In so far as activities under the Blue Plan will have an appreciable effect on activities undertaken within the framework of the Mediterranean Action Plan, the first phase should be designed as an exploratory phase to cover the entire range of problems posed by the evolution of the Mediterranean ecosystem with a view to identifying and suggesting actions and measures to be undertaken as a matter of priority under the Mediterranean Action Plan. 2/

The Focal Points Meeting proposed that the Intergovernmental Meeting of Mediterranean Coastal States on the Mediterranean Action Plan and First Meeting of the Contracting Parties to the Convention for the Protection of the Mediterranean Sea against Pollution and the related Protocols should examine, with a view to its approval, the "operational document for the Blue Plan"

^{1/} Some participants considered that the words "Focal Points" should be replaced by "national points" or "national co-ordinators".

^{2/} This text is a condensed version of closely related proposals made by the representatives of Lebanon, Malta, Turkey and Yugoslavia.

(UNEP/IG/11/INF.6 or UNEP/WG.25/3), 3/ as well as the following proposals for the implementation of the first phase of the Blue Plan: 4/

On the proposal of the Focal Points, the Executive Director of UNEP will ensure that members of the Group on Co-ordination and Synthesis are recruited in accordance with the rules regarding North-South balance adopted for the execution of the Blue Plan.

In consultation with the Focal Points, the Group on Co-ordination and Synthesis will be entrusted with the task of preparing and discussing the instructions for the surveys.

(The Co-ordination Group should take into account the recommendations of Governments concerning the six priority fields selected at the Split meeting. The members of the Group will have to take into consideration the results already achieved in the following areas:

- 1. Aquaculture development in the Mediterranean;
- 2. Practical applications of renewable sources of energy;
- 3. Management of water resources.) 5/

^{3/} This proposal was widely supported by the participants in the Focal Points Meeting.

^{4/} In the interest of conciseness, the representative of Lebanon proposed the following text:

[&]quot;The meeting submits document UNEP/IG.11/INF.6 to the Meeting of Mediterranean States for discussion and approval and draws particular attention to the following points:

The project's financial and administrative implementation is entrusted to UNEP;

UNEP is authorized to sub-contract to an ad hoc BP/RAC agency the execution aspects of the project;

The Focal Points Meeting shall orient and supervise the work of executing the project; it shall perform these functions on a continuing basis through a committee of five members appointed by consensus of the Meeting from a list of persons nominated by its members. The membership of the committee, whose task will be to supervise the efficient execution of the work, should ensure balanced representation of all regions of the Mediterranean basin."

^{5/} The representatives of Italy, Lebanon and Malta requested the deletion of this paragraph.

The survey instructions will be harmonized by the Group in order to avoid overlapping of activities and to take account of the results achieved by the Mediterranean Action Plan.

On the basis of the proposals in table 1 of document UNEP/WG.25/3 or UNEP/IG.11/INF.6, it will clarify, refine or adjust the definition of the topics to be surveyed under the Blue Plan.

The "North-South pairs of experts" 6/ who will lead the work in the various fields will be appointed in the light of the requirements expressed in the instructions and on the recommendation of the Focal Points.

In carrying out the work under the Blue Plan, continuous relations must be maintained with international and regional organizations, so that the best use may be made of the skills, experience and data they can make available. 7/

The work will be co-ordinated and consolidated at the Blue Plan Regional Activity Centre (BP/RAC-MEDEAS at Cannes). The supervisory personnel of this Centre will be recruited on the basis of recommendations by the Focal Points. 8/

The over-all cost of the work to be done by the Group on Co-ordination and Synthesis, by the experts and by the Regional Activities Centre is set out in the budget proposals submitted to the Intergovernmental Meeting held at Split in January 1977. Attention was drawn to the fact that a scale of assessments and a budget for the first phase of the Blue Plan had been drawn up at that Meeting. 9/ The budget will have to be brought up to date. 10/

The establishment of an Advisory Scientific Council was considered desirable only for the second, or even the third, phase. 11/

^{6/} The representative of Italy requested the addition of the words "or research institutes".

^{7/} This paragraph was included at the request of the representatives of the organizations of the United Nations system, with reference to paragraph 28-4 of document UNEP/IG.5/7.

^{8/} The representative of Morocco urged that descriptions of the posts to be filled should be given and that a time-limit should be set in order to facilitate the submission of nominations by the Focal Points.

^{9/} The representative of Morocco requested that an accurate statement of the contributions to be paid by Governments should be submitted to the Intergovernmental Meeting.

^{10/} The representative of Lebanon proposed that the following should be added at the end of this paragraph: "... in the light of the results achieved by the Mediterranean Action Plan and the major contribution in documentation and expertise which may be made by the specialized agencies of the United Nations".

The representative of Italy considered that the Blue Plan should not have to suffer from any changes introduced in the over-all budget for the Mediterranean Action Plan.

^{11/} The representative of Turkey proposed that the reference to this Council should be deleted.

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The Executive-Director of UMEP is requested to ensure satisfactory linkage between the Blue Plan and the other elements of the Mediterranean Action Plan and, in particular, effective co-ordination with the work which will be needed for implementation of the priority action programme. 12/

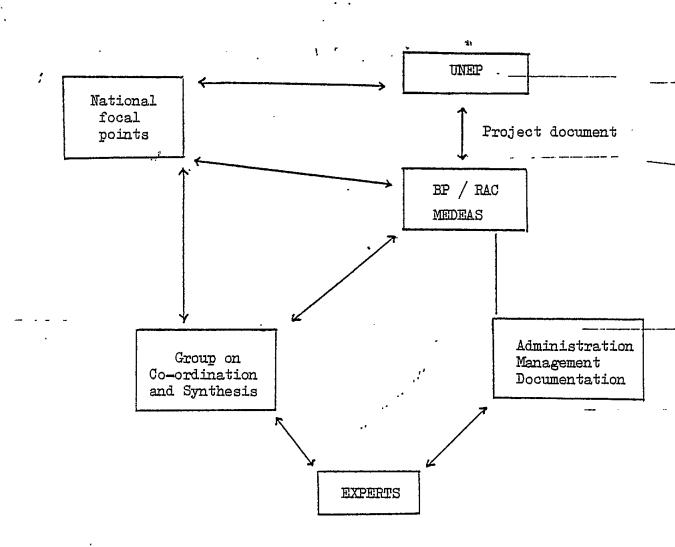
The representative of Italy requested that the document entitled "Criteria for connecting the first and the second phase of the Blue Plan and for verifying priority action" should be attached to the present document as annex II.

^{12/} The representative of Turkey proposed the following wording: "... and, in particular, the priority topics".

ANNEX 1

BLUE PLAN ORGANIGRAM

(First phase)



ANNEX · II

Criteria for connecting the first and the second phase of the "Blue Plan", and for verifying "Priority Actions"

Presented by FIORELLI, Blue Plan National Focal Point - for Italy

We agree with the adoption of the 'systems analysis' approach, which was suggested by us from the beginning.

It is our feeling that the 'systems analysis' approach must inspire the 81ue Plan in itself as well as its relationship with the Priority Actions Programme. (P.A.P.)*.

With regard to the Blue Plan, two main 'scenarios' should be prepared:

- a trend scenario;
- an intention scenario.

The first scenaric could also consider the most important trend interruptions.

The second scenario could be based on two different hypotheses:

- (a) improvement of international co-operation; and
- (b) protectionism adopted by the countries of the basin.

See indications given, in general, at the end of the paragraph 29 of the Operational document for the Blue Plan (UNEP/IG.11/INF.6)

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These scenarios should indicate the probable effects on the environmental conditions, considering both the marine and the ground pollution, distinguishing the different sources (agricultural, industrial, tourist and urban activities, energy and transportation).

As far as the second point of view (PAP) is concerned, the 'systems analysis' approach should give the possibility of verifying the degrees of compatibility, the relative importance (not only in space, but also in time) of the various PRIORITY ACTIONS, and, if it is necessary, the opportunities for new actions.

To this end, it would be useful, in order to give, first of all, an advanced definition of coastal lines and areas concepts by a sealand integrated vision and technical progress application; to adopt the following 'objective-hypothesis':

- decrease the human urban settlements gravitating towards the coastline; reduce the industrial coastal locations; and move the touristic flux from the coast to the internal areas;
- decrease the energy wastes and substitute the energy sources, with reference to social benefits;
- increase in the perspective the relative importance (from an ecological as well as an economic point of view) of the marine resources, in comparison with land resources, adopting a new definition of coastal lines and areas;
- rationalize and specialize the transportation szstem, with principal reference to maritime transportation in the entire basin.

Since now, it is possible to assume that the above-mentioned 'objective-hypothesis' (O.H.) should have different degrees of importance and different implications on the basis of the various PRIORITY ACTIONS considered.

For example:

- The O.H. Nr. 1 would have provisional effects on protection of soil, urban and tourist settlements and water resources management;
- The O.H. No. 2 would have more direct effects on the P.A. concerning alternative sources of energy;
- The O.H. No. 3 would have more direct effects on the P.A. concerning marine parks and equaculture;
- The O.H. No. 4 seems to call for a new P.A. regarding till now not considered.

The implications of the various actions, in this context, could be explored in terms of "casual", "conflicting" or "synergetic" relations.

Anyway, it is clear that the actions regarding both land and water resources management have a general importance (and could have some pattern of unification into the exposed context).

Finally, in relation to the training programme for environmental management (at Urbino), we believe that this programme too would be qualified in order to achieve the above-mentioned guidelines, by a special course in systems analysis, a centre of selective documentation, and some interesting case studies.

LIST OF DOCUMENTS

Provisional agenda

UNEP/WG.25/2 Provisional annotated agenda

UNEP/WG.25/3 Operational document for the Blue Plan (UNEP/IG.11/INF.8)

INFORMATION OCCUMENTS

UNEP/WG.25/INF.1 'Provisional list of documents

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Coastal States on the Blue Plan, Split, 31 January - 4 February 1977. [UNEP/IG.5/7]

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Mediterranean Coastal States on the Mediterranean
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UNEP/WG.25/INF.5

UNEP/WG.25/INF.3

UNEP/WG.25/1

and

UNEP/WG.25/INF.5/Add.1 Oraft outlines of surveys and project proposals

UNEP/WG.25/INF.6 The Blue Plan (first phase). Survey on "Water Resources

of the Mediterranean Sasin". Terms of Reference.

(UNEP/WG.16/3/Rev.1)

UNEP/WG.25/INF.7 Elements of a regional co-operation programme for fresh

water resources management in the Mediterranean region.

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UNEP/WG.25/INF.8 National focal points for the Blue Plan

AGENDA

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ANNEX II

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